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VOL. LXXXVIII NO. 33 VICTORIA, B.C. SUNDAY, JULY 20, 1902. FORTY-FOURTH YEAR

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From Oberlahnstein Mineral Springs, Germany.

PINTS AND SPLITS.

The Best and Cheapest Mineral Water on the Market.

TURNER, BEETON & CO., LTD., VICTORIA, B.C.

HAY.

Just received several cars of Island-grown Timothy Hay. Clean and free from must at SYLVESTER FEED CO., City Market.

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Point Ellice Boat House with boats and fittings complete, as a going concern. Also two small boat houses for sale. For particulars apply to ALAN S. DUMBLETON, Law Chambers, Bastion Street, Victoria.

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There is only one known way of permanently curing a cancer, namely: Take Never Fall Cancer Cure as directed. We never lose a case where directions are followed. We cure when all else has gone, and when we cure the disease never returns. These are facts of which there is ample proof in Victoria. Don't play with cancer, but get the remedy which cures from

H. H. JONES,

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If you require a good Sheffield Knife, see our stock of 250 styles. Westons, Johnstons and Rogers. They will interest you.

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IT PAYS TO BUY AT HASTIE'S FAIR

All kinds of Wares we keep. Granite, Crockery, Tin and Chinaware, Stationery, Candles, Needles, and Pins, and all that. Specialties just now. House cleaning supplies.

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TRUSCOTT VAPOR LAUNCHES.

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Agents for British Columbia.

J. A. SAYWARD

ROCK BAY, VICTORIA, B.C.; WHITE HORSE, YUKON; and NELSON, B.C.

Sashes and Doors and Wood Work

OF ALL KINDS

Rough and Dressed Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Etc.

PACIFIC BEER

ON DRAUGHT

5c ONLY 5c

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Bank Exchange

House For Sale

\$1700.

WILL BUY A VERY NICE RESIDENCE, JAMES BAY DISTRICT. THIS PROPERTY COST OVER \$3,500 AT ONE TIME.

A. W. MORE & CO., Ltd.

23 BROAD STREET.

INVESTMENTS

Well Telephone Co., of Canada, 5 per cent bond at \$112 and interest yielding 4.3-16 per cent to investor.
City of Vancouver bonds, yielding 3 1/2 per cent to investor.
Toronto Railway Co., 4 1/2 per cent bonds at \$104.50 and interest yielding 4 1/2 per cent.
Canadian Northern Railway Co., 4 per cent land grant bonds at 98 and interest yielding 4.16 per cent.
Shares for sale in all British Columbia mines.

A. W. MORE & CO., Ltd.

23 Broad Street, near Colonist Office.

WHEN THIRSTY

Drink Only

THORPE'S

Sparkling Waters.

Guaranteed Absolutely Germ Proof.

FITZ AND JEFFRIES.

Great Interest in San Francisco Over Contest.

San Francisco, July 19.—Interest in the Jeffries-Fitzsimmons fight is increasing. People are coming from the East and interior points to see the contest, and seats are being sold rapidly. George Siler, the well known referee, is among the latest arrivals. There has been no change in the odds, and very little at the ten to four price. Jeffries' people are holding out for a shade better quotations. Referring to the rumor that Jeffries is out of condition, Bill Delany said: "It is all nonsense. Jeff was never in better shape in his life than he is right now, nor as good, for that matter. He is exactly where I want him. To keep him there I asked him not to do work for the next few days. It is always a sign to cut hard going when a man begins to get cranky. Wednesday Jeffries was a bit out of sorts, and I asked him to call a halt. He has done it. Nothing more. I don't know where the rumor of his being sick originated, but I suppose they were put in circulation to influence the betting. I can only caution my friends throughout the country to take no stock in such rumors, and not to take fright." Along with the rumors of Jeffries' condition was another to the effect that Eddie Graney was not to referee the fight. That also was proved to be a fabrication. Springing from the fact that some difference existed between him and the club as to the price for his services, Fitzsimmons has been examined by the San Francisco Athletic Club's physician and pronounced to be in perfect physical condition.

Guests Of Salisbury

Five Thousand People Entertained at Hatfield House Garden Party.

Cabinet Ministers' Princes and Distinguished Men From all Over the World.

No Event of Coronation Year Has Exceeded it in Brilliance.

London, July 19.—Five special trains took a thousand distinguished persons to a garden party at Hatfield House (Hertfordshire) the seat of the former premier, today, Lord Salisbury's guests included the cabinet ministers, Indian princes, members of the diplomatic corps, and a number of peers and members of the House of Commons.

No social event of the coronation year has exceeded in brilliancy of scene and personnel the gathering at Hatfield house. Princes and maharajahs in the brightest of oriental costumes and premiers, governors and generals from every portion of the empire mingled with diplomats of almost every government of the world.

Lady Gwendolen Cecil, daughter of Lord Salisbury, assisted her father in receiving his five thousand guests, beyond the archway, leading to the south front of the house. The Grenadier Guards' band was stationed on the lawn, which was dotted with many colored marquee in which refreshments were served.

TO TOUGH AT DOVER.

Steamship Combine May Have Vessels Call There.

London, July 19.—The Paris correspondent of the Sunday Observer, says that in engineering circles in Paris it is reported that the frequent visits recently paid to Dover of J. D. Morgan were made with the object of testing the capabilities of the new harbor improvements with a view of making Dover a port of call for the Atlantic shipping combines liners. The correspondent adds: "During the interview between Mr. Morgan and Emperor William this subject, I hear, was touched, and the proposed change received the Emperor's full approval so far as the German liners are concerned."

IN THE BOUNDARY.

Mr. Miner and His Party Have Reached Grand Forks.

Grand Forks, B. C., July 19.—Mr. Miner, of Montreal, president of the Granby Consolidated M. & S. Co., arrived here today on his annual visit. He will spend a month in the Boundary. The members of his party, which is expected to be the largest yet, comprises Mrs. and Miss Miner, A. C. Flumerfelt, assistant general manager of the Granby Co., W. E. and Mrs. Robinson, W. Wyne Rains, Granby, Que.; Mr. and Mrs. G. Stevens, Waterloo, Que.; C. H. Arnold, of Boston; W. A. Matley, Montreal, and C. C. McKinnon, Sherbrooke, Que. J. J. Graves, general manager and A. L. White, secretary, respectively of the Granby Co., arrived here today from Spokane. The Granby officials will inspect the Granby mines at Phoenix next week.

APOSTOLIC DELEGATES.

Selection For Manila Will Be a Difficult One.

Rome, July 19.—Interest in the Philippines question now centres in the appointment of an apostolic delegate to Manila, as it is considered that the selection of the apostolic delegate will be the first indication of the real intentions of the Holy See.

Governor Taft has unofficially intimated to the Vatican that the appointment of a United States prelate would be preferred and mentioned the name of the Right Rev. George Montgomery, Bishop of the Diocese of Monterey, at Los Angeles. It is thought to be impossible to select Bishop Thomas O'Gorman, of Sioux Falls, S. D., because of his participation in the negotiations here. Doubt, however, is expressed about the Vatican appointing an American, as the opinion is expressed in Pontifical circles that entirely independent direct action is properly dealt with the questions at issue.

ST. VINCENT EARTHQUAKE.

Rumblings and Shakings But Nobody Injured.

Kingsport, St. Vincent, Friday, July 18.—Several shocks of earthquake were experienced here yesterday. There was a terrific one at 9:45 in the morning. It was accompanied by a loud rumbling explosive sound, like thunder. Furniture was set in motion everywhere and crockery were thrown from shelves in shops and several buildings were damaged. There was no loss of life, but a great panic prevailed.

The most severe shock lasted only ten seconds. The shocks were probably caused by subterranean gases and steam explosions. A few days ago it was reported that the saddle between the two craters of the Soufriere volcano collapsed, resulting in the fall of thousands of cubic feet of sand and scoria into the funnel, thus blocking the throat of the crater. It is now said that the gas and steam, failing to find an outlet by the throat, or funnel, caused an explosion and intense convulsions.

UNSAFE DEPOSITS.

Bookmakers Money Disappears From Vaults.

Chicago, July 19.—Mystery surrounds the reported disappearance of \$22,183 in cash, and two certified checks of \$600 belonging to prominent bookmakers of the Washington Park race track, from the night vaults of the Masonic Temple Safety Deposit company. The first loss, \$13,380, R. N. Murphy, \$6,780, and S. Sturgeon, \$2,024.

Last night after the end of the racing at the Washington Park track the three bookmakers, in company, deposited their money in the night vaults, today when the men came to secure their money the boxes were empty. The vault was searched from the boxes in the place the men all had separate keys, as did the watchman. The management of the deposit company believes no robbery has occurred. The police are working on the case. Later in the day heavy losses were reported by other persons which made the deposits that have disappeared, aggregate nearly \$35,000.

WANT ARBITRATION.

Miners Convention Expresses Views on Anthracite Strike.

Indianapolis, July 19.—The miners' convention has adopted President Mitchell's recommendations with a few modifications.

The salient points of the address as read by Secretary Wilson, are that the miners argue that the foundation of the great industrial progress of the country during the last decade has been laid largely by their labor; that they receive a pittance for their labors and feel that they are being unjustly treated; that they have organized not to take from the operators what is their right, but for better treatment and wages; that they believe that the best interests of the country are opposed to a general strike, and that they cannot be induced to break their contracts; that the United States people are requested to bring pressure upon the Anthracite operators and railroads to compel them to submit to arbitration. The report of the committee was adopted by a unanimous vote. President Mitchell made a short speech, after which the convention adjourned.

CHESTERVILLE CYCLONE.

Loss Will Be About a Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Montreal, July 19.—(Special.)—J. P. Richardson, of the C. P. R. Telegraph staff, who has returned to this city after having superintended the work of repairing the company's wires, which were badly damaged by the cyclone at Chesterville, describes the scene as one of the most wonderful of the kind he ever saw. The cyclone must have been the wildest ever experienced in the Dominion, judging by the havoc created. The loss will be in the vicinity of \$100,000.

Salmon Are Still Light

Catch on Fraser From Thirty-Five to Fifteen to the Boat.

Vancouver's Share of the Street Railway Profits—Log Warehouse Scheme.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, July 19.—The catch of sockeyes up river last night was 35 to the boat, and elsewhere 15 to the boat. Many Indians and Japs have refused the sliding scale. The cannery claim to have fishermen enough.

Edward Jack, sentenced 13 months ago to the penitentiary for seven years for killing his wife's paramour, has been pardoned.

A three-story brick and stone warehouse is to be erected for Henderson Bros., wholesale druggists.

Since the first of January the city's share of the earnings of the B. C. street railway has been \$751.25.

A resolution has been passed by the Police committee that Mr. Justice Irving be asked to investigate into the official conduct of Chief of Police North and Chief Butler and Wylie. It is understood that this means was adopted to shelve the enquiry, proof being lacking of irregularity on the part of the officers mentioned.

The Board of Works has reported adversely on the application of H. G. Ross to the Dominion government to establish a log warehouse on Coal Harbor. Mr. Ross states that he will at once apply for another site, probably in North Vancouver.

All places licensed to sell liquor have been notified to remove their slot machines under penalty of losing their licenses.

The following have been elected officers in the Trades and Labor Council: President, W. J. Lamerick; vice-president, P. Russell; secretary, H. H. Cross; financial secretary, J. L. Lilly; treasurer, J. M. Sinclair; statistician, A. G. Wilson.

MATCH FOR PALMA TROPHY

Will Be Shot at Ottawa on August 26—Yukon Water Regulations.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Ont., July 19.—The D. R. A. meeting has been postponed to September 1. The Palma trophy will probably be shot for on August 26 as arranged.

Today's Gazette contains amended regulations for measuring water for mining purposes in the Yukon. A miner's inch shall mean a cubic foot and a half of water per minute.

FROM SKAGWAY.

Steamer City of Seattle Arrives From the North.

Vancouver, July 19.—(Special.)—The steamer City of Seattle arrived here today from the North. She had some gold aboard.

TIBET TSN.

China Formally Accepts Terms of the Powers.

Pekin, July 19.—The Chinese officials have formally notified the ministers of the Powers of the throne's acceptance of the conditions for the restoration of Tien Tsin to the Chinese.

MUST CLOSE.

French Police Carrying Out Edict Against Unauthorized Institutions.

Paris, July 19.—In consequence of the issuance of a circular by M. Combes, the Premier, July 15, ordering the strictest execution of the law of the Associations, and other institutions managed by unauthorized congregations, the police are proceeding with the closure of all such establishments. The circular affects 2,500 schools throughout France. The schools are attended by 150,000 pupils, and many of them are conducted by nuns. A number of small demonstrations against the measure occurred today in various towns, and considerable feeling was manifested, though there was no serious disorder. The clerical leaders denounce the closing of these institutions as illegal and inhuman. Protest have also been made by several bishops.

The Waters Are Rising

Mississippi River and Its Tributaries Flood Many Miles of Crops.

And Millions of Dollars Worth of Property Has Been Destroyed.

Illinois and Missouri Farms Have Suffered Badly and Worse Is Feared.

Keokuk, Iowa, July 19.—The flood conditions are much worse today and the Mississippi river is from two to ten miles wide for 75 miles below Keokuk, and is rising rapidly. The flood is reaching far outlying farms, hitherto missed, and farmers in the lowlands on the Missouri side have lost everything but their houses on high knolls and a few fields behind the highest levees.

Damage is also occurring on the Illinois side between here and Quincy. The Lima and Hunt levees opposite Canton, Mo., which protect many square miles of corn in Illinois, are constantly patrolled and hopes are entertained that they may possibly hold.

The greatest damage is on the Missouri side of the river between Keokuk and Hannibal, territory covering over 300 square miles and on which corn was estimated at 80 bushels to the acre a few days ago.

Reports today are that in the territory indicated the loss will be over four million dollars. Chiefly to corn lands. The damage done along the Mississippi is greater than was expected at first reported.

One township in this country, Green Bay, is six or seven feet under water. It contains more than 17,000 acres of crops. Families there were driven out hurriedly and some cattle were drowned. The levee, eight miles north of Burlington, broke, inundating three square miles that had been considered safe.

The Skunk river, the most damaging tributary of the Mississippi, is overflowing down with a flood approached but twice in the history of the State, in 1851 and 1892. The water topped the record of 1892, and touched the highest record of 1892. This river in the center of Iowa and empties into the Mississippi, 25 miles north of Keokuk.

Eddyville, Ottumwa and Coppeke are among the heaviest losers from this cause.

ANARCHISTS.

Three From Turkey That Need Watching.

Washington, July 19.—An evidence of how closely the governments of the world are working together to run down anarchists, is shown in a communication received at the State department from the Turkish minister here. Chekib Bey states that Dignotti Geniti, Guissipi Pasquale and Cassia Coremele, three anarchists, who have been expelled from Constantinople, and he desires to be informed if they take refuge here, and especially if they should leave the United States to know their destination.

CABLE TO MANILA.

Contract With English Company to Lay It.

London, July 19.—The Commercial Pacific Cable Co. signed a contract with Telegraph Construction company in London this week for the manufacture and laying of its cable from Honolulu to Manila, touching midway at Guaya. The construction company guarantees to complete the cable by June, 1903, if furnished with the necessary soundings. In the event that these cannot be furnished the company agrees to finish the cable laying within such time thereafter as is necessary to take the soundings.

WINNIPEG EXHIBITION.

Attendance This Year Promises to Be Large.

Winnipeg, July 19.—(Special.)—Vice-President McNicoll and Traffic Manager Kerr of the C. P. R. arrived here today on an inspection trip. They go West tomorrow to the Pacific Coast.

The city is still 10 days ago, landing from the Winnipeg industrial exhibition. With fair weather the attendance promises to eclipse all previous years. The last year, Harold H. arrived today. A baseball player named Benson snapped his arm yesterday while pitching in an amateur game here.

CARACAS THREATENS.

But Does Not Seem Able to Make Good Promises.

Washington, D. C., July 19.—United States Minister Bowen, at Caracas, has cabled the State department as follows:

"The President of Venezuela has abandoned the idea of attacking the enemy at Barcelona, and is proposing to return to Caracas soon."

President Castro went to Barcelona, which was partially invested by the revolutionists six days ago, landing from a government warship and asserting that he would clear out the rebels within 15 days. He had a considerable force of soldiers with him, and the reason for his change of mind, in the absence of a decisive battle can only be conjectured here. It is known that he is unable to regain Caracas by land owing to the presence between him and the capital of revolutionary forces, and he must return by water as he came.

BAND AT HILL.

Programme for the Concert at the Park This Afternoon.

The City band will, this afternoon, give another of their series of band concerts at Beacon Hill, commencing at 3 o'clock. The programme follows:

March, "Imperial Edgemoor." Sousa.
Introduction six parts of God Save the King. (Dedicated to special permission to His Most Gracious Majesty King Edward VII.)
Sacred Potpourri—"Herald Angels." Reyer.
Concert Waltzes—"Catanthe." Holzman.
Sole Solo—"Crystal Beach Polka." Boos.
Master J. H. Rausch, Soloist.
Intermission.
Descriptive Music—"The Clock Store." Orff.
Baritone Solo—"Frenzied Star." From "Tannhauser." Wagner.
J. Ball, Soloist.
Characteristic Piece—"German Patrie." Ellensborn.
Coronation March fr. "The Prophet." Meyerbeer.
God Save the King.

UNDERWEAR

Cool, Cleanly, Comfortable.

It does seem strange that one will insist on fine linen handkerchiefs and towels for use on the face and hands, for the obvious reason that cotton or any other material is not absorbent, and does not "feel good," at the same time will appear indifferent to the material used next the far more sensitive skin of the body.

It's all wrong, and there's nothing really right but cool, cleanly, sensible.

DR. DEIMEL'S LINEN-NESH UNDERWEAR.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

W. & J. WILSON

83 Government Street.

LOCAL NEWS

Salmon Have Come.—Trolling has commenced in the vicinity of the Outer wharf and some of the earlier sportsmen who have been trolling for salmon have made good catches. Yesterday numbers of salmon were seen jumping in the vicinity of Brodie ledge.

Blacksmiths and Carriage-makers Journey to Bagan Park.

The carriage-makers and blacksmiths held their annual picnic at Bagan Park, Sunday, yesterday, and in consequence all shops in the city were closed during the day. They left on an early train over the Victoria Terminal & Sidney railway, and arriving at the grounds in good time, spent a most enjoyable and pleasant day.

There was a long and varied programme of sports, including a baseball match between the blacksmiths and the woodworkers and painters, which the blacksmiths won in the tenth innings with a score of two to nil. The results of the other sports follow:

One-mile race.—1st, McLatchie; 2nd, R. Leddingham.

Open Race, 100 Yards.—1st, F. Jeeves; 2nd, E. M. Whyte.

Girls under 12, 50 yards.—1st, Alice Hodge; 2nd, Jennie Milne.

Boys under 12, 50 yards.—1st, Tom McGee; 2nd, Alex. Macgregor.

Sack race, 50 yards.—1st, E. M. Whyte; 2nd, F. Jeeves.

Girls under 8, 50 yards.—1st, Lexie Whyte; 2nd, Pearl Hodge.

Boys under 8, 50 yards.—1st, Stanley McKay; 2nd, Percy Jeeves.

Three-legged race.—1st, B. M. Whyte and J. Hepworth; 2nd, G. W. High and E. Griddle.

Girls, 15 and under.—1st, Bella Jeeves; 2nd, Nettie Jeeves.

Boys, 15 and under.—1st, B. Kier; 2nd, Lorne Macgregor.

Pipe race, Right pipe at start and keep light to finish.—G. W. High.

Married ladies' race.—1st, Mrs. Lewis; 2nd, Mrs. Laurie.

Woodworkers' race.—1st, A. Semple; 2nd, J. Smith.

Painters' race.—1st, E. Griddle; 2nd, J. Cochenour.

Blacksmiths' race.—1st, F. Jeeves; 2nd, E. M. Whyte.

Pat. Ladies' race.—1st, Mrs. Mackenzie; 2nd, Mrs. Hodge.

Ball throwing contest for ladies.—1st, Miss Young, 130ft; 2nd, Miss F. Whyte, 100ft.

Boys, six three-inch nails in plank for ladies.—1st, Mrs. Terriault, 28 seconds; 2nd, Mrs. Cameron, 32 seconds.

Young ladies' race.—1st, Miss F. Whyte; 2nd, Miss Young.

Special race for girls under 14.—1st, Dora Drob; 2nd, Alice Robertson.

Special race for boys under 14.—1st, Colin McDonald; 2nd, B. Kier.

At the conclusion of the sports an enjoyable dance was held in the pavilion, the music being supplied by Mr. Bantley. The pioneers boarded the train at 4.15, and returned to the city by motor, arriving that this was the most enjoyable picnic they had yet held.

VERNON LADY POISONED.

Daughter of Price Ellison Dead Through a Fatal Mistake.

Miss Anna Ellison, daughter of Mr. Price Ellison, M. P., died on Wednesday at Vernon from a dose of carbolic acid which she took by mistake. The Vernon News of the 17th gives the following details:

"One of the most melancholy and distressing events which we have ever been called to speak of occurred yesterday morning when Miss Anna Ellison, eldest daughter of Price Ellison, M. P., died suddenly from the effects of carbolic acid, taken by mistake. The community is shocked and grieved to learn of this sudden death, and the city like a pall. The deceased was a winsome girl of about 17 years of age, just budding into lovely womanhood, and her death causes unexpressed sorrow and grief to her relatives and friends. An outpouring of sympathy which words cannot express, and their sorrow is shared in a measure by every resident of this city. The tragic event occurred between 9 and 10 o'clock on the morning of Wednesday, and before medical aid could be procured the sufferer had long become unconscious. Drs. Morris and Williams did all that their art could suggest to save the young life, but their efforts were unavailing and her young life passed out without a struggle."

The funeral took place on Friday afternoon.

FRASER FISHERMEN.

According to Wednesday's Columbian the fishermen have not all got to work yet, but they are all ready. The reason why only a few of them are at work is, they think there is no way of improvement in the run expected till the next change of the moon.

Though the men are, to a large extent, quite satisfied with the arrangement with the cannery, still many of them are not satisfied over it. They cannot overcome their prejudices against the sliding scale price nor their suspicions that, in estimating the total pack, they may not get all that is coming to them. The trap fish are what they fear will complicate matters, they think there is no way of accurately checking off the number of trap fish used for the season. A flat rate price would have avoided all this, but they could not get the cannery to agree to one.

One prominent local fisherman estimates that the catch on the Fraser river proper will not exceed 300,000 cases, and he figures out there will be about 2,500 boats. On this basis he finds there is not much profit in sight for the fisherman on the river, and they have paid for their gear and grub. It certainly won't pay anyone who has a good job to throw it up and join in the sockeye fishing. It might pay to do so in the big year, but not this season.

The number of fishing licenses issued to date is close upon 1000. There has been quite a spurt during the past day or two. It is not known yet how many of these were issued to Japs, as many Japs are served by the branch office in Vancouver. But it is expected there will be nearly as many Japs fishing this year as there were last year.

OBITUARY.

Funeral of Late R. Dods—A. J. Pollock of Cedar Hill Dead.

The funeral of the late R. Dods took place yesterday afternoon from Hamilton undertaking rooms, Rev. W. D. Barber conducting the services. The pallbearers were Messrs. L. Wain, John Barnett, Thos. Farrand and Henry Callow. The Rev. E. S. Rowe conducted the services yesterday afternoon in connection with the funeral of the infant daughter of Robt. M. Higham, of Rae street.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Coulter, of 280 Johnson street, mourns the loss by death of their infant son, who passed away on the 18th.

Arthur J. Pollock, of Cedar Hill, died at the family residence yesterday morning. Deceased was a native son, aged 20 years and 6 months. He leaves three brothers and four sisters.

Mr. Taylor, of Sidney, died at his home last evening.

WITH BIG GUNS.

Members of Fifth Regiment Hold Competitive Shoot at Fort Macaulay.

The Fifth Regiment of Canadian Artillery, under Col. Munro, held practice with the big guns of Fort Macaulay yesterday afternoon, a competitive shoot having been arranged for the occasion. The turnouts of No. 5 company were poor, and they were dismissed. Gun crews were formed from Nos. 3 and 4 companies, and a competitive shoot held, the six-inch guns being fitted with Mordell's armor on the Nordenskiöld ammunition used. Each company was given ten minutes, in which to use the 24-in. gun, firing at a floating target, which was towed backward and forward past the fort by the launch Blanche, in which was Capt. Currie as range officer. In the fort were Major Gordon, commanding officer of the R. C. A., who acted as judge, and Col. Munro and the company officers. The company officers, in making a number of good shots, and in good time, and many hitting the floating target. No. 4 also did some good shooting. The night and they could not be given in consequence.

FRASER RIVER BRIDGE.

First Pile for the Construction Driven Wednesday.

Actual work upon the construction of the combined railway and traffic bridge across the Fraser at this city commenced this forenoon, says the Columbian, when the first pile was driven near the shore on the city side of the river. There were only two or three persons present besides the contractors and workmen, and the event was not celebrated in any way. In the afternoon a plant of the work will be proceeded to, and then, all being well, there will be a public celebration when the completed structure is declared open for business.

It has been the intention of the contractors to begin work some time ago, but several things transpired to delay them. For one thing, the annual season of high water was somewhat later than usual, and the strength of the freshet is still such as to delay operations on the deep water portions. Then, in getting together a plant of the magnitude required to carry out a work of this size and nature necessarily consumed considerable time. Now, however, the multitudinous preliminaries are practically completed, and the pile-driver will be built especially tall for this work, was taken to the site and put to work. About 10:15 this forenoon, the first pile was driven for the landing wharf. There will be other pile driving on this side in connection with the abutments, and then the pile-driver will be taken across the river to commence on the foundation for the piers in the shoal water. Forty or fifty men will be employed at once, and more later.

LOCAL NEWS.

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FRASER RIVER BRIDGE.

First Pile for the Construction Driven Wednesday.

Actual work upon the construction of the combined railway and traffic bridge across the Fraser at this city commenced this forenoon, says the Columbian, when the first pile was driven near the shore on the city side of the river. There were only two or three persons present besides the contractors and workmen, and the event was not celebrated in any way. In the afternoon a plant of the work will be proceeded to, and then, all being well, there will be a public celebration when the completed structure is declared open for business.

It has been the intention of the contractors to begin work some time ago, but several things transpired to delay them. For one thing, the annual season of high water was somewhat later than usual, and the strength of the freshet is still such as to delay operations on the deep water portions. Then, in getting together a plant of the magnitude required to carry out a work of this size and nature necessarily consumed considerable time. Now, however, the multitudinous preliminaries are practically completed, and the pile-driver will be built especially tall for this work, was taken to the site and put to work. About 10:15 this forenoon, the first pile was driven for the landing wharf. There will be other pile driving on this side in connection with the abutments, and then the pile-driver will be taken across the river to commence on the foundation for the piers in the shoal water. Forty or fifty men will be employed at once, and more later.

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When you buy Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea you get the best in the market and remember there can only be one best.

Establishing A New Line

First Steamer of New Oriental Line Will Sail Today From Seattle.

Queen City Will Leave Tonight for Cape Scott and Way Ports.

Another line from Puget Sound to the Orient will be established today, when the Boston Steamship company will dispatch its first vessel, the *Hyades*, for the ports of the Orient and Manila, carrying general freight. The *Hyades* arrived at Seattle from San Francisco on Wednesday, and has since been loading for her inaugural trip, on which she starts today. For this first trip the vessel will have a full cargo of general produce, consisting mainly of lumber, flour, rice, cotton stuffs, machinery and canned goods. She will make the regular Chinese and Japanese ports, proceeding thence direct to Manila, and returning to Seattle via the same route. The second of the fleet to sail, the *Lyra*, is advertised to depart on August 5th, and she will take what is known as the North China run, calling also at Vladivostok with general cargo. Then the *Shawmut*, the giant freighter which was but recently completed on the Atlantic, will follow on August 21st, running through to Manila, touching at Japan, and Chinese ports both going and returning. The main line of vessels operated by the corporation will be the fleet going through to the Philippine island capital.

QUEEN CITY.

Will Sail Tonight for Cape Scott and Way Ports.

When the steamer Queen City sails for the West Coast tonight, she will have a full complement of passengers, for there are some thirty botanists from Minnesota under the leadership of Prof. McMillan, who are looking to sail on her, and a number of mining men and others will take passage on the steamer for different points along the island coast. The Queen City will go as far north as Cape Scott, this being her last port. She will bring a large shipment of ore down from the Comstock mines at Quesnot sound, consigned to the Tacoma smelter.

THE DREDGER.

Twenty-Five Per Cent Silt Thrown Through Pipe Line.

The King Edward—the big government dredge—is working industriously daily, and many are watching her work with interest. The silt, which is being forced so easily through the long line of pipe, which circles across and around the bay into the flats, has been analyzed by the city engineer, who found that at least 25 per cent silt is being thrown away. The pipe and sump into the flats, where it is settling satisfactorily. Work is being hurried on the tidal steps and platform which are being built of concrete at the end of the embankment wall, and as soon as the work is completed—which is expected to be within a very short time—the offer dam will be torn away and the dredge will work as close as practicable to the wall.

Had Headache Nearly All the Time

In Extreme Case of Exhaustion and Nervous Headache—Wonderful Restorative Influence of

DR. CHASE'S
NERVE FOOD

There are scores of women in nearly every community in Canada suffering as Mrs. Miles did from frequent attacks of nervous headache. No local treatment can prove of lasting benefit. The system must be strengthened and invigorated and the most effective way to do this is by the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. The cure is not only certain, but lasting.

John Miles, 236 Wellington street, Ottawa, Ont., whose husband is employed with Davidson & Trackway, lumber dealers, states: "I was very weak, had no strength or energy and suffered nearly all the time with headache, in fact I had headache for three whole days just before beginning to use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. I was also troubled a great deal with shooting pains across the middle of the back. Under this treatment my health has been wonderfully improved. The headaches are a thing of the past, the pains in my back are cured, and I feel strong and healthy. As an evidence of restored strength I may say that I am now able to do all my household work without becoming exhausted."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

THE OVERDUE.

Two Vessels on Which Speculation Has Been Going on are in.

Two of the overdues have arrived, the *Earlsfort* having reached Valparaiso from Newcastle and the *Cumberland* on Wednesday after a voyage of 92 days from Newcastle. The *Earlsfort* was released at 40 per cent, and the *Cumberland* at 60 per cent. The French bark *Charlemagne*, which was reported to have arrived at Havre, 215 days from Noumea, is still out, and is released at 90 per cent. The report of her arrival caused some commotion in Victoria for there are several here who have been backing the big Frenchman to arrive. She is now posted for emigrating preparatory to being posted as missing.

OLDEST AND SLOWEST.

A Vessel Resembling That of Columbus Now Being Broken Up.

What is stated to be the oldest ship in the world, says the Marine Record, has recently been sold at Tenerife to be broken up. This is the Italian ship *Anita*, registered at the port of Genoa. The *Anita*, which resembled Christopher Columbus' ship, the *Santa Maria*, was built in Genoa in 1493, and effected her last voyage at the end of March, 1902, from Naples to Tenerife, six or seven weeks ago. The *Anita* was of tremendous stout build, and had weathered countless storms and tempests in all parts of the world; but it was also the slowest ship, taking 205 days on one voyage.

MAINE NOTES.

The French bark Breen, long overdue and released at 35 per cent, has been spoken off San Francisco.

The Chilean ship Admiral Tegetthoff, which is to load lumber for one of the ports of the west coast of South America at Valparaiso, has arrived at Port Townsend, and is probably being loaded to Chemulpan tomorrow. The Chilean bark Antioquia, another of the fleet en route to the lumber port is now 43 days out from Lique for Chemulpan.

Steamer Tees is due from Naas and way ports.

Steamer Titania passed up last night to load coal at Nanaimo for San Francisco.

D. G. S. Quadra returned from the West Coast yesterday afternoon where she has been with supplies for the light-house at Cape Reale. The wreck of the mysterious schooner, which went ashore last December off this light, is believed to have been the *Reliance* of San Francisco, has now broken up and not a vestige is left.

Will positively cure sick headache and prevent its return. Carter's Little Pills. This is not talk, but truth. One pill a dose. See advertisement. Small pill. Small dose. Small price.

VICTORIA TIDES.

For the Month of July, 1902.

(Issued by the tidal survey branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.)

The time used is Pacific standard for the 120 meridian west. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours.

The height is in feet and tenths of a foot.

Date	Days	Time	Height	Time	Height	Time	Height	Time	Height
1 Tu	1	5.55	2.3	14.14	6.0	12.14	6.0	23.14	6.0
2 W	2	6.15	2.4	14.30	6.0	12.30	6.0	23.30	6.0
3 Th	3	6.35	2.5	14.45	6.0	12.45	6.0	23.45	6.0
4 F	4	6.55	2.6	15.00	6.0	13.00	6.0	24.00	6.0
5 S	5	7.15	2.7	15.15	6.0	13.15	6.0	24.15	6.0
6 Sa	6	7.35	2.8	15.30	6.0	13.30	6.0	24.30	6.0
7 Su	7	7.55	2.9	15.45	6.0	13.45	6.0	24.45	6.0
8 M	8	8.15	3.0	15.60	6.0	13.60	6.0	24.60	6.0
9 Tu	9	8.35	3.1	15.75	6.0	13.75	6.0	24.75	6.0
10 W	10	8.55	3.2	15.90	6.0	13.90	6.0	24.90	6.0
11 Th	11	9.15	3.3	16.05	6.0	14.05	6.0	25.05	6.0
12 F	12	9.35	3.4	16.20	6.0	14.20	6.0	25.20	6.0
13 S	13	9.55	3.5	16.35	6.0	14.35	6.0	25.35	6.0
14 Sa	14	10.15	3.6	16.50	6.0	14.50	6.0	25.50	6.0
15 Su	15	10.35	3.7	16.65	6.0	14.65	6.0	25.65	6.0
16 M	16	10.55	3.8	16.80	6.0	14.80	6.0	25.80	6.0
17 Tu	17	11.15	3.9	16.95	6.0	14.95	6.0	25.95	6.0
18 W	18	11.35	4.0	17.10	6.0	15.10	6.0	26.10	6.0
19 Th	19	11.55	4.1	17.25	6.0	15.25	6.0	26.25	6.0
20 F	20	12.15	4.2	17.40	6.0	15.40	6.0	26.40	6.0
21 S	21	12.35	4.3	17.55	6.0	15.55	6.0	26.55	6.0
22 Sa	22	12.55	4.4	18.10	6.0	15.70	6.0	26.70	6.0
23 Su	23	13.15	4.5	18.25	6.0	15.85	6.0	26.85	6.0
24 M	24	13.35	4.6	18.40	6.0	16.00	6.0	27.00	6.0
25 Tu	25	13.55	4.7	18.55	6.0	16.15	6.0	27.15	6.0
26 W	26	14.15	4.8	19.10	6.0	16.30	6.0	27.30	6.0
27 Th	27	14.35	4.9	19.25	6.0	16.45	6.0	27.45	6.0
28 F	28	14.55	5.0	19.40	6.0	16.60	6.0	27.60	6.0
29 S	29	15.15	5.1	19.55	6.0	16.75	6.0	27.75	6.0
30 Sa	30	15.35	5.2	20.10	6.0	16.90	6.0	27.90	6.0
31 Su	31	15.55	5.3	20.25	6.0	17.05	6.0	28.05	6.0

Zero or above heights corresponds to 11 feet in the fairway of Victoria harbor.

Sea level at Dry Dock—normal observations during six months, May to October, compared with simultaneous observations at Victoria by Mr. P. N. Denison.

For time of high water, add 14 minutes to H. W. at Victoria.

For time of low water, add 17 minutes to L. W. at Victoria.

COULDN'T CATCH KITCHENER.

It was just Saturday week, when some of us expected the peace settlement, that a worthy dean—a most revered gentleman—possibly slightly thought he could catch a march on Lord Kitchen. He telegraphed from the Orange River Colony, saying:

"As I am acting as chaplain, and conducting divine service in very many camps to-morrow, may I ask if the hymn, 'Peace, Perfect Peace,' would not be a most appropriate one to give out to be sung?"

And the great K. wired reply: "Please send me the hymn."—*Forward, Christian Soldiers!*, quite as good.

NO SUCH THING.

"What we need most in this country," said the political reformer, "is an honest count."

"They ain't no such thing," declared Mr. N. "I know all about 'em." For his daughter married one.—*Philadelpha Press*.

Insist on getting Martell's Three Star Brandy.

Services In The Churches

Announcements Made By the City Pastors For Today.

Subjects of the Sermons and Order of the Musical Portions.

At Christ Church cathedral today the morning sermon will be preached by Rev. W. Baugh Allen, and that in the evening by Rev. Canon Beaudouin. The order of the service follows:

MORNING.

Voluntary—Adagio B. Tours

Vente Cathedral Psalter

Te Deum Cathedral Psalter

Benedictus Cathedral Psalter

Antiphon Cathedral Psalter

Kyrie Cathedral Psalter

Hymns Cathedral Psalter

Recessional Hymn Cathedral Psalter

Voluntary—March Cathedral Psalter

At St. James, Rev. J. H. S. Sweet, rector, there will be holy communion at 8 a. m., and evening communion at 8 p. m., and evening sermon at 8 p. m.

The following is the music:

MORNING.

Organ—Pastorale Cathedral Psalter

Vente Cathedral Psalter

Te Deum Cathedral Psalter

Benedictus Cathedral Psalter

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Voluntary—March Cathedral Psalter

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The following is the music:

MORNING.

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Vente Cathedral Psalter

Te Deum Cathedral Psalter

Benedictus Cathedral Psalter

Antiphon Cathedral Psalter

Kyrie Cathedral Psalter

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Recessional Hymn Cathedral Psalter

Voluntary—March Cathedral Psalter

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The following is the music:

MORNING.

Organ—Pastorale Cathedral Psalter

Vente Cathedral Psalter

Te Deum Cathedral Psalter

Benedictus Cathedral Psalter

Antiphon Cathedral Psalter

Kyrie Cathedral Psalter

Hymns Cathedral Psalter

Recessional Hymn Cathedral Psalter

Voluntary—March Cathedral Psalter

At St. George's, Rev. J. H. S. Sweet, rector, there will be holy communion at 8 a. m., and evening communion at 8 p. m., and evening sermon at 8 p. m.

The following is the music:

MORNING.

Organ—Pastorale Cathedral Psalter

Vente Cathedral Psalter

Te Deum Cathedral Psalter

Benedictus Cathedral Psalter

Antiphon Cathedral Psalter

Kyrie Cathedral Psalter

Hymns Cathedral Psalter

Recessional Hymn Cathedral Psalter

Voluntary—March Cathedral Psalter

The usual Sabbath school and young people's meetings will be held at both churches.

At Calvary Baptist Church, the pastor, Rev. J. E. Vichet, M. A., will preach at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. This morning subject will be "The Overcoming of Sin." Sunday school and Bible class is held at 2:30. Rev. A. W. McLeod, late of Kamloops, will preach in Emmanuel church at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

The usual services will be held in the Congregational church, Pandora street, at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., and will be conducted by Rev. F. Okell. The morning subject is: "To Whom Jesus Refers Himself," and evening subject, "Strange Things." There will be Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. as usual.

Evening, with mission address, will be held in the Seamen's Institute, Store street, at 7:30 p. m. J. S. Bailey, licensed missionary.

R. H. Kneeshaw will lecture in the Sir William Hall at 7:30 p. m. on "The Higher Life." There will be spirit reading after lecture. Miss Amy Kneeshaw will sing.

At the W. C. T. U. mission hall, Mr. Fraser will conduct the meeting Sunday evening, commencing at half past 8.

The Sunday service of the Christian Scientists' society will be held at 87 Pandora street at 11 a. m., subject, "Truth."

MILDER CLIMATE.

Capt. Bernier Predicts Longer Navigation and Farming Farther North.

From Toronto Star:

Captain Bernier, of North Pole fame, who has been in Toronto for a few days, considers that the climate of Eastern Canada is gradually becoming warmer, and that in the course of the next 50 years there will be hardly any snowfall at all. The level of the lakes, he considers, is the cause of this change of climate he does not pretend to say, but he has noticed numerous indications that it is becoming warmer, and it is upon these that he rests his belief.

Of course, it is very generally stated by old people that the winters are far less severe than formerly, and that the snowfall now is a mere bagatelle to what it used to be. Time, so it is stated, when six feet of the beautiful snow level was not unusual in places where the most that has ever fallen in the last two decades has been three or four.

The captain has noticed a great change in this way himself, and considers it evidence that the climate is becoming warmer and much dryer.

He has noted, too, that the old sea level of Toronto was not so very many years ago, over 100 feet farther up than it is now. The level of the lakes, especially Lake Superior, is falling.

The St. Lawrence River is losing its high level, and will, he believes, continue to decrease in depth. At Trinity Bay, on the St. Lawrence, the skeleton of a large whale was found 180 feet above the present sea level.

These results are, Captain Bernier considers, due to increased evaporation, which has the result of the steady rise of temperature.

Farther North, too, there are infallible indications of the growing mildness of the climate. At Spitzbergen the old level of the ice was found 180 feet above the present sea level.

It is possible now to navigate much farther north than formerly in the Arctic Ocean. Behring's voyages have long been forgotten, and the reason is because there are now so many more openings in the ice than in his time.

It has been, then, clearly shown, even by these few observations, that the cold centre is shifting, and the question is, in what direction? There can be no doubt that Europe is much colder than it formerly was, and is becoming still colder. We are perpetually hearing of storms in Europe of greater severity than any in many years, hundreds of years in some cases. It is not merely so in isolated instances, but there seems to be a gradual increase of such phenomena, as if that continent were, in what direction? There can be no doubt that Europe is much colder than it formerly was, and is becoming still colder.

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We are perpetually hearing of storms in Europe of greater severity than any in



How Is the Breath?

Good breath and bad teeth are incompatible. They can't go together. If you have bad teeth you need our CARBOLIC TOOTH POWDER to correct the condition of the yellow and keep the teeth clean. This is a pleasant Tooth Powder to use. You can use it at the office and at home. It gives a fresh, clean taste to the mouth. Price 25c. per bottle.

RUBIDENT TOOTHWASH, 25c.

Cyrus H. Bowes
CHEMIST.
98 Government St., Near Yates St.

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Camp Stoves, all sorts and sizes, at Clarke & Pearson's, 17 Yates St.

Special—Carpenters' Tools at Cheap-side.

Lawn Mowers and Grass Shears at Ohegside.

If you have beauty,
I will take it.
If you have none,
I will make it.
SAVANNAH, Ga.
Five Sisters' Block.

Wright & Ditson, Ayre's

LAWN TENNIS RACQUETS AND
BALLS.
Large Stock Just Received.

John Barnesley & Co.
115 GOVERNMENT ST.

Garden Tools of all kinds at Cheap-side.

Our third shipment of celebrated
Whitney Reclining Chairs just arrived
and will be on show Monday, June
21, and following days, Weller Bros.,
fourth floor, ladies' invited.

GRAND AFTERNOON FETE

To be held in aid of Saanich Church at
the residence of N. S. Le Per Trench,
Saturday, July 26th, at 2 p. m.
ADMISSION 25c.
5th Regiment band in attendance. Special
train from Victoria 1 p. m.

Lewtas the caterer and ice cream maker
will serve refreshments at the Douglas
Gardens on Thursday evening, and
through the season. Fresh cream at our
store in large or small quantities. 74
Yates street, Tel. 857. Closed on Sun-
days.

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

Special Sale of Hair and Toilet
Brushes, Combs and Toilet Goods
To Make Room For Other Goods.
AT THE B. B. STORE,
27 Johnson Street.
Phone 356. J. Teneque Jr., Prop.
Make no mistake and secure some
of these. They are real bargains.

Imperial Ceylon Tea—Baskins, Wall
& Co., sole agents.

The Fifth Regiment Band will be on
the steamer for Saanich on July 20th,
sailing at 7 a. m. Fare for the round
trip, \$1.50, children under 12 years, 75
cents.

TO THE PUBLIC.

We're the oldest tobacconists
and as Campbell and Cullen,
We're here to stay.
Our motto has won us
Both money and fame,
"To rich man and poor man
Our price is the same."

Our stock is the best that
Hard cash can procure.
It's genuine, fresh,
All rare brands and pure.
Our patrons respect us.
We deal on the square;
Our prices are right, Sirs,
Both moderate and fair.

When they're tired with hard work,
Or weary for news,
They come to our stand and
Get rid of the blues.
With a soothing Havana,
Pipe, cigar or chew—
Night gladly we serve them,
As glad we'd serve you.

So look us up early,
First time you're around.
You'll find we can suit you,
Right down to the ground.
In trouble and in care,
No money to spend,
Just come in the same, boys,
We're always your friend.

Blatants—CAMPBELL & CULLIN.

THE HUMAN SKIN IS SUPPLIED WITH
PORES FOR A PURPOSE.

THE LINEN MESH UNDERWEAR

Helps that purpose along. People who
live by the laws of health buy it.
We have a large and complete range of
these goods in all sizes.

SEA & GOWEN, MEN'S FURNISHERS AND HATTERS.

89 Douglas Street.

Lace Parlors.

A fine assortment of Silk Arabian Braids,
Linen Braids, Colored Linsens, Japanese
Linsens and Embroidering Silks.

The latest lace designs always on hand.
MRS. F. V. ROBERTSON,
28 Five Sisters' Block.

Victoria's Brighton Beach

Summering on the Sandy Shores
Of Cordova's Lovely
Bay.

Small Colony Now Under Can-
vas At This Favorite Camp-
ing Grounds.

The little colony of campers at Cor-
dova Bay now numbers about two hun-
dred all told, and every day sees addi-
tions to the dwellers under canvas. The
line the beautiful beach almost from one
end to the other of that delightful spot.
The campers have now representation on
the aldermanic board, besides which
His Worship Mayor Hayward and the
balance of the members of the Council
yesterday paid an official visit to the
bay.

For years now Cordova bay, Rosario
Strait, and about six miles from Vic-
toria, has been recognized as an ideal
camping place during the summer months
and every year sees more and more at-
tention paid to this beautiful spot of Vic-
toria's suburbs. Surrounded as the wood-
ed bay is by so many perfect camping grounds,
it might be difficult to claim for any par-
ticular locality delights which many others
could not also claim. But certain it
is that Cordova Bay is never visited by
the chilly northerly winds and is possessed
of a much greater expanse of clean
sharp sandy beach than perhaps any other
watering place hereabouts. The bay is
some three or four miles long and with
the exception of a length of rocky crags
which jut out to meet the water in one
portion of the bay, the entire length is
beautiful white crystalline sand and al-
most absolutely smooth. The windward
side of the bay is a most beautiful view.
When the tide is out these glorious sandy
beaches extend nearly half a mile out
to sea, and are packed firm and dry.
Baseball, lacrosse and cycling, which are
carried on in the sands, proves the cer-
tification that in this respect Cordova Bay
may fairly claim to possess at least one
unique feature.

The drive to Cordova Bay is one of the
most delightful of the numerous road-
ways in the district, but owing no doubt
to the few farms in that locality, until
quite recently the road is not quite as
wide nor so well furnished as many
others. However, there are three main
roads of access to the bay from the city.
The Saanich road, the Cedar Hill road,
and the "new" road. The latter is about
six miles in length but is not yet quite com-
pleted. The second is about nine miles
long and has the advantage of being well
made and in perfect condition for cycling
the whole way. The Saanich road route
is also good for wheels as far as Elk
Lake, at which point a cross road runs
to the bay over rolling hills very taxing
to the spirit of the cyclist. If time is
no object the Cedar Hill road is to be
preferred. From the foot of Cedar Hill
all the way around the full length of
the bay the road runs through beautiful
shady groves, which very largely com-
pensates for the few hills on route.

The drive around the bay is particularly
delightful, affording as it does, the
shore line at a high elevation and through
the shady growth of maples and pines af-
fords glimpses of the beautiful blue
waters of Haro Straits and the Islands
of the archipelago beyond. The summit
of Mount Bevier dominates all
and putting the finishing touches to a
landscape that has few equals the wide
world over. When this portion of the
road is widened and put in the same
condition as the city road section, the
drive to and around Cordova Bay will
not have a peer in this neighborhood of
unexcelled drives. The road at present
follows closely the shoreline, and an at-
tempt is said to be on foot to straighten
the road by running it back just far
enough to forever mar its chief beauty—
a view of the beach and the snow-
capped mountains. The road is owned by
private owners will fence in the seaward
side as far as high-water mark, and the
hundreds who every year camp along
the beach above high water mark, as a
necessity, will have to pay tribute for
a privilege which ought to be as
free as the air they breathe. It is
understood that this matter will be
brought to the attention of the Tourist
Association in order that this
delightful resort may be preserved for
the use and benefit of the public.

SOCIETIES' RE-UNION.

Everything Going Along Smoothly For
the Celebration on August 9.

The general committee of the Soci-
eties' Re-union met last night at the
Pioneer hall, and when the meet-
ing adjourned everything was reported
ready for the society men's greatest
event of the year. Chairman S. J. Red-
grave called the meeting to order at
8:15, and on the roll being called found
nearly every delegate in his place. The
minutes of the last meeting having been
read and adopted, the Finance commit-
tee reported progress. Poodia commit-
tee, that their work was completed until
the day of the sports; Printing com-
mittee, that they would have the new
posters out about Tuesday next, all of
the printing matter being ready, as also
were the badges, which latter, by the
way, they intended to give only to those
actually taking part in the procession.
The chairman of the Music committee,
Bro. A. B. McEachern, asked to have
extra members appointed on the Music
committee, as with the proposed extra
bands, etc., it would take more than the
present number.

Bro. W. H. Price, on behalf of the
Grounds committee, reported that
through some misunderstanding the date
had been fixed upon the same day
as the lacrosse club had a match with
the Vancouver at the Caledonia grounds,
consequently the fixtures would clash
unless some arrangements could be
made between the Re-union committee
and the lacrosse club. Bro. Hanna moved
that the date of the Re-union be
changed to the 8th, but the motion being
put was lost by 19 to 2. It was then
decided by the meeting that the chair-
man and secretary be appointed a special
committee to make the necessary ar-
rangements with the lacrosse club and failing that
to try and secure either the Oak Bay
grounds or the Douglas summer gar-
dens.

The special committee appointed last
meeting to try and enlist the sympathies
of the merchants in the city in the
proposal to bring excursions to Victoria
on the 9th from Vancouver, Seattle and
Tacoma reported that they had met with
great success in their efforts, and
had been promised about \$400 for the
purpose of bonusing the celebrated
bands of the cities mentioned to take
hold of the excursion on August 9. The
committee recommended that the
Music committee, through the secre-
tary, be empowered to go right
ahead with the arrangements. The re-
port was received and the committee's
recommendations ordered to be carried
out. It was decided to send a represen-
tative to Seattle and Tacoma to arrange
with the bandmasters there. The Music

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd.

DEALERS IN HARDWARE

Iron, Steel, Pipe, Fittings, and Brass Goods,
Building, Mining and Logging Supplies a Specialty.
Contractors Plant, Picks, Shovels, Barrows, Etc.

A Large Consignment of Norway Iron just to hand from England.

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P.O. BOX 423, VICTORIA, B.C.



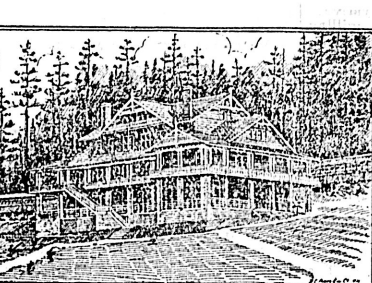
Chains and Bracelets

We have just opened a fresh importation
of Chains and Bracelets, in solid
gold, filled gold, and sterling silver, which
are offered at very moderate prices:
Solid silver Neck Chains from \$2.00
each.
Solid silver long Watch Chains from \$2.00
each.
Solid gold long Watch Chains from \$14.00
each.
Filled gold long Watch Chains from \$3.00
each.
Other goods at equally low prices and
the quality guaranteed.

C. E. REDFERN
43 Government St.
Established 1862. Telephone 118.

HOTEL STRATHCONA

SHAWNIGAN LAKE, B.C.



Now open for the re-
ception of guests. Lovely
lake scenery. Good bath-
ing and boating. Tennis
and croquet grounds.
Fishing and shooting.
Terms most moderate.
Apply.

Henry Moxon,
Manager.

JULY SALE

Only a few of the many
BARGAINS we offer this
week.

LADIES
57 prs Ladies' fine colored Oxfords, tan and chocolate,
hand turn, (American) all sizes and widths, were
\$3.00 and \$3.50 \$2.00
72 prs Ladies' fine Dongola Oxfords, black, turn sole,
were \$2.00 \$1.50
60 prs Ladies' black Dongola Calf. turn soles, were
\$1.75 \$1.25
300 prs Ladies' black kid Oxfords and slippers, \$1.00
Ladies' Tennis Shoes, per pair up 75c

BATHING SHOES
Ladies' White Duck Bathing Shoes 65c
Men's White Duck Bathing Shoes 75c
Children's White Duck Bathing Shoes 40c

MEN'S AND BOYS'
120 prs Men's fine Vici Kid Bals, welt, were \$4.00;
they are great value \$2.75
90 prs Men's Tan Willow Calf and Russian Kid Bals,
welt, 4 styles, well made on newest lasts, were
\$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50 \$3.00
180 prs Men's, Boys' and Youths' dark shade tan
diced Calf Bals. Men's sizes 6 to 10 \$1.75
Boys' sizes 1 to 5 \$1.50
Youths' sizes 11 to 13 \$1.25
Children's Shoes in endless variety and
at greatly reduced prices.

The Paterson Shoe Co., Ltd.

CITY SHOE HOUSE

70 GOVERNMENT STREET. OLD WESTSIDE.

EXCURSION.

ALL ABOARD !! For the Moonlight City
Excursion. The popular Steamship of
Nanaimo leaves the B. N. Wharf on
Monday evening, July 21st, at 8 o'clock
for a three hours' run on the Straits.
Band and refreshments on board. Come
and enjoy the pleasant outing. Tickets
60c. For sale at Wescott Bros., 88 Yates
street, and by members of the Spring
League.

ton has been busy answering enquiries
from outside points in regard to the
celebration. He predicts that there will
be a very large crowd in town on Au-
gust 7, 8, 9, and 10.

POINT COMFORT.

(Mayne Island, B. C.)
Bathing (sandy bottom), boating, fish-
ing, lovely drives and walks along coast.
Fresh bracing Gulf breezes. Rate \$12 a
week. Fare, Victoria, 21.

MERELY SYMPTOMS.

"Life is a failure," said the tired-looking
passenger in a grave and far-away voice.

WHITE SWAN SOAP

Never Injures

THE HANDS.

CAMPBELL'S

Nobby! New Neckwear

Just to Hand Large Shipment Direct from Paris.

Very Latest Novelties in Lace,
Chiffon and Silk Neck Ruffs.

Mr. Campbell made a big saving on this pur-
chase. We propose giving our customers
the advantage of that saving.

Come In and See Our Prices.

Don't Miss Your Opportunity..

TO GET A.....

FASHIONABLE HAT

At Half Price

AT

GEO. R. JACKSON'S

Half Price Hat Sale.

Famed for purity and Ex-
cellence are

COWAN'S

Perfection Cocoa

Royal Navy Chocolate

Chocolate Cream Bars

Chocolate Ginger

Wafers, Etc.

THE COWAN CO. LTD., TORONTO.

SEWING MACHINES

We sell the new drop head Singer for
\$3.00 per month. Such easy terms, anybody
can afford one. We rent a good machine
with all the latest attachments for \$2.00
per month, and allow the rent to apply on
purchase price if you buy a machine.
We repair all makes of sewing machines,
sell needles for all machines at 25c. per
dozen, and our oil has no equal, 10c. per
bottle.
Second hand machines from \$5.00 up to
\$35.00, and over 20 to select from, all of
which are warranted to give satisfaction.
Call or address,

A. P. BLYTH,
Scientific Optician and Watchmaker,
65 Fort Street, near Douglas.

SPORTING GOODS

LAWN TENNIS GOODS of all
kinds. Croquet sets and extra mal-
lets, etc. Lacrosse sticks and balls.
All kinds of rubber balls. Ping-
Pong balls, bats, etc.

A few bargains in bicycles left,
but take our advice and do not
leave your selection till too
late.

M.W. Waitt & Co

44 GOVERNMENT STREET.

WANTED.

Clean Cotton Rags,
(good sized pieces) at the
"Colonist" Office.

Cordwood and Stovewood

Truck, Dray and General Teaming done.
Office—21 Colborne Street.
Residence—17 Pine Street, Victoria West.
Telephone 426.

THE Heintzman & Co., PIANO

Is undoubtedly the Leader in Vic-
toria, as it is throughout Canada.

We can show some exquisite styles
in these well known instruments,
and we would be pleased to have in-
tending purchasers call and inspect
them.

M. W. Waitt & Co.

SOLE AGENTS.

44 Government Street.

Marine Iron Works

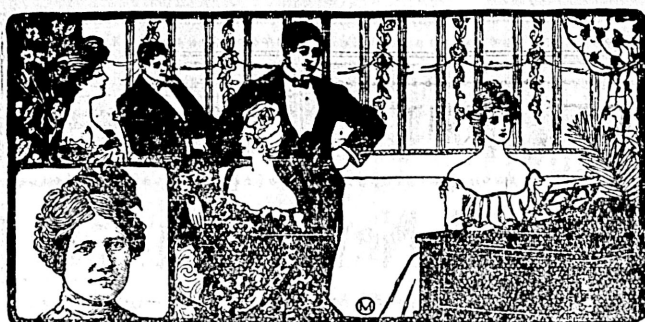
Pembroke Street,
Opposite Gas Works.

Machinists, Boilermakers, Founders.

ANDREW GRAY, Prop

QUALIFIED.

"Are you a union man?" asked the fore-
man of an applicant for employment.
"Yes, sir," was the prompt reply, "mar-
ried week before last."—Pittsburg Chron-
icle.



Miss Elizabeth Hesselman, Treasurer of the Neenah, Wis., Schiller Club, Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Stopped Her Monthly Suffering and Improved Her General Health.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was always a healthy girl until about a year ago when I caught a severe cold coming home from a party. For months after that I was very irregular and suffered severe pains for a day or two. I lost flesh and strength, and became alarmed. My mother procured a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me, and I began to take it faithfully. I soon found that my general health improved, and within a couple of months I became regular to a day, and suffered no further pain, and several of my friends have been helped through its use since." — ELIZABETH HESSELMAN, 129 First St., Neenah, Wis.

\$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address Lynn, Mass.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

PRICES BEING PAID FARMERS.

(By W. G. Dickinson.)

Hay, per ton	80
Oats, per ton	27
Wheat, per ton	22
Barley, per ton	23
Eggs, per doz. (grade)	20
Eggs, per doz. (local)	20
Potatoes, per ton, (Fraser River)	110
Potatoes, per ton, (local)	117

STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

(By B. C. Stock Exchange, Ltd.)

New York, July 19.—The following quotations ruled on the Produce Exchange today:

New York Wheat	Open	High	Low	Close
Sept	77 1/2	78	77 1/2	77 1/2
Liverpool Wheat				
Sept				
New York, July 19.—The following quotations ruled on the Stock Exchange today:				

Amalgamated	Open	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated	130	130	129	129
Amalgamated	100 1/2	101 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Amalgamated	100 1/2	101 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Amalgamated	100 1/2	101 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Amalgamated	100 1/2	101 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Amalgamated	100 1/2	101 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Amalgamated	100 1/2	101 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Amalgamated	100 1/2	101 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Amalgamated	100 1/2	101 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, July 19.—The following were the closing bids on the Stock Exchange today:

Amalgamated	80 1/2
Amalgamated	101 1/2
Amalgamated	110 1/2
Amalgamated	130 1/2
Amalgamated	140 1/2
Amalgamated	150 1/2
Amalgamated	160 1/2
Amalgamated	170 1/2
Amalgamated	180 1/2
Amalgamated	190 1/2
Amalgamated	200 1/2

New Vancouver Coal Co

LIMITED.

NANAIMO, B. C.

Samuel M. Robins, Superintendent

Coal Mined by White Labor

New Wellington Coal

Washed Lump . . \$5.00 per ton

Sack or Lump . . \$6.00 per ton

Delivered to any part within the City Limits.

KINGHAM & CO.

31 Broad St., corner Trench Alley.

Wharf—Spratt's Wharf, Store St.

CALL 'PHONE 647

Save the Baby

Nestlé's Food will so strengthen an infant that it can withstand the enervating effects of hot weather. It is a preventive of Cholera Infantum. Your physician will recommend it.

Nestlé's Food

Sample (sufficient for eight meals) Free.

LEWIS, MILES & CO., MONTREAL.

Repairs of all kinds promptly attended to.

'PHONE 759.

Save the Baby

Nestlé's Food will so strengthen an infant that it can withstand the enervating effects of hot weather. It is a preventive of Cholera Infantum. Your physician will recommend it.

Nestlé's Food

Sample (sufficient for eight meals) Free.

LEWIS, MILES & CO., MONTREAL.

Repairs of all kinds promptly attended to.

'PHONE 759.

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LEWIS, MILES & CO., MONTREAL.

Salt Spring Island Mine

The Perseverance Group of Claims Bonded to a Glasgow Company.

New Owners Will Develop Property on an Extensive Scale.

From recent developments it appears that the rich belt of mineralized schists, which traverses Vancouver Island from east to west, and in which are located the Lenora, Tyee, Blenheim, Copper Canyon, and other well known mines, passes beneath the Straits and outcrops on Salt Spring Island. A small syndicate of Victorians who conceived this theory put it to a practical test early last spring, with highly satisfactory results. The Neaves-Saunders syndicate, is the name of this enterprising group of local business men, and the success which has crowned their efforts will be welcome news to all who have faith in the Victoria mining division, as a field for profitable investment in the mining industry.

The partners went quietly to work, and after studying the topography of the district concluded that the mineral belt, if it was continuous, traversed Salt Spring Island towards its northern end. They put prospectors in the field, and after some weeks of patient search a promising locality was discovered. Covered nearly opposite Crofton, the new smelter town. Surface indications were encouraging, and when a few shots were put in some fairly rich samples of ore were secured. Assays of these encouraged further investigation, and a tunnel was started, which disclosed a vein eight feet wide of good ore with a pay streak of extraordinary richness. Three claims, the Sovereign, Nanaqua, and Perseverance, were staked and development work, consisting of open cuts, and an extension of the tunnel was continued. Considerable ore was taken out, and assays of some of it ran as high as \$50 in gold, copper, and silver. The average values being 10 per cent. copper, \$4.50 in gold, and 2 ounces in silver. This is the run of the vein, but the paystreak, which consists of white, free milling quartz, gave a return of \$14 in gold, without counting the copper and silver values.

Recently these claims, which are known as the Perseverance group, were brought to the attention of the agent of some Glasgow capitalists, with whom negotiations were entered into, resulting in the bonding of the property to the Scotchmen for a handsome sum. The new owners have arranged to develop the Perseverance on a large scale, under the supervision of Mr. H. E. Neave, an experienced mining engineer, who has had long practice in South Africa, and other mining countries. The mine is most advantageously situated, fronting on deep water, and within 2 1/2 miles of the Crofton smelter, so that its shipping facilities will be of the best. The development of the Perseverance will be watched with interest by the business and mining men of Victoria, as its success means the establishment of another mining camp tributary to the city, and which is sure to add its quota to the general prosperity of the community.

ROSSLAND OUTPUT.

Six Thousand Seven Hundred Tons For the Week.

Rossland, B. C., July 19.—During the week ending tonight, the mines of this camp produced 6,700 tons of ore as follows: Le Roi, 5,100; Le Roi, No. 2, 1,500; Giant, 130. The total for the year to date is 179,376 tons. The week has passed most uneventfully in connection with the actual working of the big mine. Bernard MacDonald was interviewed by a representative of the Miner this afternoon respecting the report to the effect that he was appointed general manager of the Le Roi mine, which had gained considerable currency in this city. Mr. MacDonald replied emphatically that the report was not true, saying that he would surely know if it were.

THROUGH KASLO.

Tonnage of Ore Shipped During Last Days.

Kaslo, B. C., July 19.—(Special).—The tonnage of ore shipped through Kaslo during the last 10 days is: Ruth, 84 1/2 tons; Whitewater, 140 tons; Rambler, 235 1/2 tons; Sloan, 44 tons; Sloan Star, 21 1/2 tons; Sunset, 21 tons. Total tonnage for six months, 8,822 tons against 4,994 for the same period last year.

THE SEATTLE GROUP.

Tramway About to Be Built at Port Hughes to Connect Ore Shipments to Crofton.

A party of miners in charge of A. J. McCallan will be passengers by the steamer Queen City this evening for Westport, and will land at Port Hughes, a calling place beyond Clayoquot on the ocean seaboard of Vancouver Island. The men will be put to work putting in a tramway about two miles in length, from the Seattle group of claims to deep water. The Seattle group is the property of a number of Victorians, and has been quietly developed until it has now reached that point where further work cannot be sustained by the equipment of the ore already on the dump, and in sight in the tunnel. The prospective operation of the Crofton smelter in the immediate future has solved the question of cheap treatment of the ore mined at Port Hughes, and Mr. McCallan is confident that once their two miles of tramway is in working order there will be a steady shipment of sufficient ore to cover the cost of future developments or until the ore bodies have been blocked out and systematic shipments are undertaken.

CANADIAN MINING INSTITUTE.

Interesting Meeting of Mining Men to Be Held at Nelson.

Invitations are issued for a meeting of the Canadian Mining Institute to be held at Nelson on September 10 and 11. The following is a partial list of the papers promised: "Coarse Concentration in the Slovan District, B. C.," by S. S. Fowler, S. B. Nelson; "Mining Timbers by the Square Set System at Rossland, B. C.," by Bernard MacDonald, M. E. Rossland, B. C. A comparison of Costs for Compressing Air by Steam and Electric Powers

at Rossland, B. C., by Wm. Thompson, M. E., Rossland, B. C. Safety Lamp and Mine Explosions, by James Ashworth, M. E., Manchester, England. Notes on the Machinery Constituting a Mining Plant, by Alfred C. Garde, M. E., Sandon, B. C. Mine Signalling by Compressed Air at Rossland, B. C., by Bernard MacDonald and Wm. Thompson. The Mineral Resources of Vancouver Island, by W. M. Braver, M. E., Vancouver, B. C.

MINING NOTES.

The June number of Mining, published at Spokane, contains an interesting article by Randall H. Kemp, on the mines of Boundary district. The Banner tunnel in Franklin camp has been extended ten feet giving 210 feet of depth literally, with 32 feet of ore in matter.

The last car of ore shipped from the Wonderful netted \$2,557. This is the richest ore ever shipped from the mine. The Bousin has a contract from Belgium for 2,000 tons of zinc ore. The mine is practically unlimited for ore that runs high in zinc.

At the Wakefield on Four Mile there are now 20 men on the payroll, getting out four or five tons of ore daily. It is high grade rock which will not need returns. The company which has the lease and bond on the property has set aside \$25,000 for development purposes and no ore is being taken out except that encountered in development.

The Tiger group of mines, which are situated between Sheep and Wild Horse creeks. The Tiger Poorman group will become a shipper about November. There are about 200 tons of ore on the dump, and ravinishing will start as soon as the new owners and continue through the winter.

The Trail smelter has received from the officials of the Paris exposition a handsome medal, awarded in addition to several diplomas, for the Paris exhibit. The collection consisted of crude ore, high grade matte, copper, lead and the like. The same collection was forwarded to the Glasgow exposition, from which diplomas and medals were also received.

IMPORTANCE OF THIS ISLAND

Sound Advice By a Paper Which Appreciates Provincial Progress.

The Nelson Daily News recognizes the importance of Vancouver Island, as the site of great manufacturing industries, and in speaking of the establishment of a pulp mill on Quatsino Sound it offers some sound advice to owners of timber and iron. The West Coast of Vancouver Island, says the News, seems to surpass in importance the Eastern littoral, and the establishing of this enterprise cannot but result in the exploitation of its resources. Iron and coal besides timber, gold, copper and other minerals, are among some of these and as capital follows when a lead is made, the development of some of them is sure to receive attention in the near future. It is said that some of the best iron deposits on the island are in the hands of British Columbians, and if they will follow the same line taken by the Victorians and retained an interest in the pulp company as part of the deal, the transfer of the title of their holdings, and while securing capital insist, should it come from foreign sources, on the producing works being located within the province, and on retaining an interest in the concern they will be doing their duty to their country without loss to themselves. Whatever tends to attract capital, and there is no surer way than successful development of resources and establishment of industries, will not cease to exert a beneficial influence with the consummation of the original enterprise nor will its influence be confined to one locality. With the awakening of Vancouver Island and the will be a corresponding stimulus to all trade and industrial factors throughout the province, and it is gratifying to see in this scheme for the erection of a pulp mill on Quatsino an evidence of the dawn of more prosperous times.

Pain from indigestion, dyspepsia and too hearty eating, is relieved at once by taking a dose of Little Liver Pills immediately after dinner. Don't forget this.

W. C. T. U.

Charles Dickens once commented severely upon a preacher who was in the habit of setting up in the pulpit, in any atheistical workmen for the purpose of knocking them down again. Unhappily the class is not yet extinct, and it not infrequently happens that the religious clergyman, in his zeal to suppress the seeds of doubt, and to keep the people's little anecdote is of more practical value than yards of historical argument. He relates how a thoughtful scholar once said to him that the reason he could not be an infidel was simply this: "I am a day nearer the grave than I was last night. I have read all the books assailing the religion of Jesus Christ can tell me. They shed not one solitary ray of hope upon the darkness. They show no way away from the guide and leave me stone blind."

The writers of such books have not only their own atheism to answer for, but also the condemnation of those anxious to find the paths to Christianity, are led away by their clever, but specious sophistries.

There are other classes of men almost equally culpable and responsible for the evils they do to their fellow men, perhaps the most so, are those who, by their drinking habits and constant frequenting of saloons, to "inevitable injury, not only to themselves, but their acquaintances, for it is their peculiarity, that they are always soliciting some one to go in and drink with them, often a young fellow, who thinks it a fine thing to be seen with him, seeing life, as he would call it, thus beginning a course down hill, which in nine cases out of ten, he has not the self-command to resist. Day after day, supply visible evidence of the evil, such tempters perpetrate, and their names are legion.

The W. C. T. U., with the object of promoting temperance by practice and precept, ever Thursday at 3 p. m., at the Refuge Home, Comorant street. Visitors and friends are invited.—Com.

If you are tired taking the large old-fashioned griping pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't resist anything, simply nothing. Now tell me at once who drowned whom in a butt of what?—Tit-Bits.

Stern Parent (interviewing his son during the holidays)—"Why, sir, they have caught you nothing, simply nothing. Now tell me at once who drowned whom in a butt of what?—Tit-Bits.

Three Star Martell can be obtained from all dealers.

Trip to Mount Douglas Park

Magnificent Heritage Secured to Victoria By Sir James Douglas.

Cordova Bay and Its Sandy Beach a Summer Paradise.

The memory of Sir James Douglas is revered by the older generation of Victorians as that of a man of the most wonderful personality, one who might have occupied a prominent place in the political or industrial circles of the great world, but preferred to devote his life to the reclamation of an obscure, but important outpost of the British empire. On the day that he founded the trading post of Camusnan on British territory James Douglas, with the clairvoyance that seemed to have been the gift of those rare characters who rank as his peers in the history of the North American continent, saw a vision of the future in which the humble Hudson's Bay fort was transferred into a proud metropolis, teeming with life and activity, the home of contented thousands. He lived to see his ambition partially realized, and grateful people raised a shaft to his memory, but he, in his lifetime with the forthrightness which marked his every action, erected a monument more enduring than any that human hands could build. Nature threw up a first-class mound on the shore of Cordova bay when the world was young, and Douglas chose it for his memento. He named it Mount Douglas, and that future generations might hold his name in grateful remembrance he decided it for all time to the people of Victoria as a place of recreation, to be held sacred from the invasion of the sordid money grubber.

Comparatively few Victorians are aware of the fact that Sir James Douglas bestowed upon them a tract of magnificent mountain and forest, commanding a fine view of the ocean, 350 acres in extent, and including a variety of scene which it would be difficult to equal anywhere in the world. Students of history and archeologists, however, have unearthed this interesting fact and yesterday, at the invitation of His Worship, Mayor Hayward, a little party of aldermen and prominent citizens made a trip to Mount Douglas park, popularly, but mistakenly called Cedar Hill.

The party assembled at the City Hall at 2 p. m., and drove out by the way of Hillside avenue, passing through a beautiful country in which the primeval is interspersed with cosy farm houses and well-cultivated fields, until they arrived at Douglas Park, where nature, unadorned, reveals herself in all her loveliness. The carriages passed through grand avenues of stateliness first and maples, which form a continuously leafy arch, to a point from which glimpses of the ocean were caught through the foliage. Leaving the carriages, the party descended a steep but short incline to a fine pebbly beach, which stretches 90 yards within the limits of the park, and drank in the beauty of the seaward outlook. Close at hand lies the San Juan Island, flanked by other islands innumerable, with Mount Baker towering in the background, a rare treat to the eye on a calm summer day, which elicited the admiration of the pleased beholders.

BOERS ARE RETURNING.

Commissioners Assist in the Work Which Proceeds Satisfactorily.

A steady stream of repatriated burghers, says the London Times correspondent at Johannesburg, has recently been returning home. The Boers are supplied with tents, equipments and rations for a month. This week the general return begins by government transport of those not possessing horses and carts of their own. A local commission in each district will assist in the restoration of the people to their homes, supplying wood, shelter, seeds, and stock when necessary. Each commission will be under the presidency of a resident magistrate, and will exercise broad discretion in all matters with regard to present needs, and with regard to the position of the families before the war.

The correspondent points out that the National Scouts—Boers who fought on the British side—deserve preferential treatment, as their normal life. Not more than 400 of these will return to their own farms. Many of them may take advantage of government land settlement scheme.

This week a group of settlers possessing some capital, will be established in Ermelo district. These include more than fifty New Zealanders.

The sum of \$3,000,000 will be put at the disposal of the local commissioners for settlement of claims for war losses. When the successful claimant has received no supplies, his share will be paid in cash. In other cases the value of supplies granted will be deducted.

COLONATION CONTINGENT.

A Little Mild Advice By an Eastern Paper.

From Montreal Gazette. Much dissatisfaction, it seems, exists among the Canadian colonation contingent because of the arrangements for their accommodation and use made by the War office authorities. Hardly anything, indeed, that was done to suit the taste of the aggregation. It was intended that the officers and men should occupy separate quarters, and this was objected to and a change made. It was part of the programme that the infantry of the contingent should live part of the route, where they would see the great procession, instead of being part of the procession and being seen.

Then the mounted men were to act as a guard for the Colonial premiers, which some might think a very fitting arrangement; and they were to be under command of Lieut.-Col. Turner, V. C., who did such creditable work in the Del-

hand fight, which others again might deem to be both appropriate and an honor. But neither arrangement suited; and there was talk of the contingent refusing to parade. Indeed, so general has been the dissatisfaction that the lot is coming home in a huff. They will have an eight-day sea voyage, which may reduce the swelling of their heads. If it does not what they discover of the thoughts of the Canadian people when they get home will surely have the desired effect. The country is not particularly proud of the contingent or of the manner in which its units were selected. The presence in it of some tried and good officers and men does not save it from reproach. The idea in sending it was that it would represent Canada in connection with the coronation ceremonies in the way which those who had charge of the arrangements thought best. If the arrangements did not please the men when they found out what they were, there should have been some sense enough among them to recognize that they were but part of a great show and to have quietly accepted what was intended for and was a compliment.

WILL USE CANADIAN FLOUR.

United States Not to Supply Stations in Bermuda.

An incident has just been reported, says the Montreal Gazette, which shows that while at times John Bull is somewhat slow in recognizing the superiority of Canadian products, the Imperial authorities are always ready to act if questions of the kind are brought to their notice. A short time ago the Bermuda station required a quantity of flour for the use of the troops, and the invitations to United States millers were alone extended, or at least only United States brands were specified. Mr. F. W. Thompson, vice-president and managing director of the Ogilvie Mills Flour company, at once saw a chance of extending Canadian trade, and immediately drew Sir Wilfrid Laurier's attention to the matter of the Imperial authorities, with the result that the Canadian Prime Minister cabled to Lord Strathcona, and the Canadian High Commissioner lost no time in having the important matter brought before the War office. In a few days the first order was received, and now the Ogilvie flour is going in large quantities to the Bermuda station, as well as to the other West India Islands.

MONTREAL.

"This is a remarkable climate," said the tourist.

"It is," remarked the old settler. "Ever since I have been here, I have never seen how a climate could change so many times a day and every time for the worse."—Washington Star.

CORDOVA BAY

Map showing the location of Mount Douglas Park and surrounding areas.

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Map showing the location of Mount Douglas Park and surrounding areas.

Map showing the location of Mount Douglas

THE WORLD OF LABOR.

MISCELLANEOUS SIFTINGS AND COMMENTS.

T. H. Twigg

LABOR NURSERY RHYMES.

The Coal Trust has left you without any fire, baby, creep;
The Wheat Trust has cornered the pay you desire,
The Sugar Trust has robbed the cash of your life,
Weep, baby, weep,
And don't buy fuel
To warm up your greed,
Sleep, baby, sleep.

The Corn Trust will soon make trouble a nest,
The Oil Trust will soon make trouble a nest,
The Rubber Trust will soon make trouble a nest,
The Tea Trust will soon make trouble a nest,
The Coffee Trust will soon make trouble a nest,
The Spice Trust will soon make trouble a nest,
The Sugar Trust will soon make trouble a nest,
The Wheat Trust will soon make trouble a nest,

While the Granite Trust marks the wee spot where you rest,
By-by-by.

Old Father Hubbard went to the euphoric
To get his poor dog a crust;
When he got there the dog was bare,
For bread was controlled by a trust.

Little Jack Horner
Worked on a corner
In sugar and steel and wheat,
When the proper time came
Some checks were paid,
And he captured a Senator's seat.

Old King Coal was a jolly old soul,
A jolly old seeker of mirth;
He called for wire and also some rope,
And built a nest fence round the earth.

There was a man in Pittsburgh town,
And he was wondrous wise,
He piled up wealth by legal law,
Enacted by poor guys.

And as he saw his wealth increase
He posed in manner chaste,
And built a block of two for books,
So he'd not be distracted.

Meetings in Labor Hall this week:
Carpenters Monday, 8 p.m.
Painters Tuesday, 8 p.m.
Boiler-makers Tuesday, 8 p.m.
Electrical Workers Thursday, 8 p.m.
Shipwrights Thursday, 8 p.m.
Stonemasons Thursday, 8 p.m.
Tinsmiths Friday, 8 p.m.

Twenty-five per cent. of the moneys
accruing from fines which may be
imposed upon those corporations which
have failed to make proper returns to
the Dominion Board of Trade, will be
assigned to the trade unions of Canada
by a promoter of the suits. The past
president of the Victoria Trades and
Labor Council has been appointed
trustee of the prospective fund. It is
said by the party of the first part that
should they receive all coming to them,
the proceeds will amount to \$7,500,000—
the proceeds being split 25 per cent.
of the fines collected.

At the present time the trade unions
are not parties to the agreement. The
union, however, has been assigned to
local labor man, and it is only a
matter of a short time till it will be
thoroughly understood whether the
labor unions are prepared to accept—
money from this source.

Though this arrangement was made
some months ago, not one trade
union in a hundred has accepted the
good thing in store—prospective
income. It is understood that labor
leaders in the East have been sent
to keep the matter quiet.

When the past president of the Trades
Council was asked to act as trustee of
this money, he was assured that the
benefactors for such a fund would be
no motive in making this gift save the
of donating money to institutions
worthy of support. Personally, he
carried on like the money used in
carrying out strikes and lockouts.
Victoria was to be a central
point of distribution.

There is no question but that the suits
were well taken. In the courts
decided against the offenders,
who, appealing to the Dominion House
of Commons, had not passed giving
the Government the money. The suits
to remit all or any portion of fine
imposed by the courts. If these corporations
have violated the laws of the
country, they should pay the penalties.
However, a question arises with the
connection of trades unions in the
matter, whether or not it would be right
for them to accept any portion of this
money. So far, the suits have been
part in the suits. But it is said that
they will be asked to protest against
the government interfering with the
carrying out of the laws of the country.

Had the unions instituted these suits
in the first instance, they would be
perfectly justified in objecting to
government interference, and perhaps justifi-
ed in any case. But the suits called in
at this late date, it seems that the
greatest care should be exercised in
leading aid to any scheme by which
the would be made a cesspool of
pull chestnuts out of the fire for others.

"At the city council meeting of Monday
last, Ald. Cameron moved that in the
enactment of the law it is desirable to
encourage the construction of buildings
and other improvements; and whereas
some years ago the council levied a rate
of only 25 per cent. of the value of im-
provements, which rate was increased
to 50 per cent. in order to meet extra
expenditure, the council being limited to
a low rate on real property; and
whereas, the act having been amended,
giving the council larger powers in the
levying of rates; Therefore be it re-
solved, that the rate on improvements
this year shall be levied on 25 per cent.
of the assessed value of improvements."

Ald. McCandless was the only other
member to give support to the motion.
The gentlemen are not extensive
land-owners; they are business men,
who aim at encouraging enterprise at
the expense of people who hold land
for speculative purposes. To shift taxation
off improvements on to the land is
a crazy single tax doctrine, and to
rob this beautiful tourists' resort of
those picturesque plots that year after
year reminds the casual observer of the
wilderness of "Arabian Nights" made fa-
mous by the poet Goldsmith.

If you want to help the Clerks' Asso-
ciation along, when making purchases
ask to be shown his or her card.

Some little time ago the cigar manu-
facturing firm of Behnson & Co. intro-
duced machines into their factory, with
the idea of meeting Western competi-
tion. Their experiment was not a
happy one. While thousands of
machine-made cigars from the East
find a market in British Columbia,
through wholesale dealers, hand-made
cigars similarly made was not kindly
received, and the firm was compelled, at
great loss, to lay the machines aside
and stick to the hand-made product.
During the period of machine-making
the firm was met with opposition
from the Cigarmakers' Union. This
association has never taken kindly to
the machine, for various reasons. The
cigarmakers' Union were in the way
of the firm, signifying that they are made
in compliance with union regulations.
At various times paragraphs appeared
in this department to the effect that
the Cigarmakers' Union were at vari-
ance with a firm using machines. It is
only fair now to state that the product
of this firm bearing the union label is
entitled to the fair treatment and en-
couragement of organized labor.

The injunction granted by Mr. Justice
Joyce to restrain the Amalgamated
Society of Railway Servants from using
the funds of the society for the separate
defense of one of its officials in the

action brought against him and the
society by the Pacific Railway Com-
pany simply illustrates, says the
London Law Journal, the principle that
the property of a society cannot be used
for purposes not sanctioned by its con-
stitution. It does not imply that a trade
union can never lawfully defend an
action against one of its servants for
acts done on behalf of the union. The
railway company's action was for an
alleged conspiracy to molest them in
their business, and to restrain the de-
fendants from watching and besetting
their premises, and the union defend-
ed their conduct should put in a
separate defence. They sought to
justify a resolution which made their
funds liable for his legal expenses by
relying on a rule which gave the ex-
ecutive committee power to institute any
legal proceedings it might deem to be
in the interests of the members. Their
defence, however, denied that the
official had any authority to take any
part in the dispute between the railway
company and its servants, and asserted
that if he had committed any illegal
act, he was not acting on behalf of the
society. "There was no evidence," said Mr.
Justice Joyce, "that the committee
deemed it to be in the interest of the
society to find the money for his de-
fence. Indeed, the nature of their
defence made it almost impossible
for them to justify the resolution as
being within the rule. Therefore the
judgment is only a decision that the
proposed expenditure was under the
rules of the society ultra vires."

The lady garment workers of the city
will make application for a charter from
the Garment Workers' Union of Amer-
ica. One firm has already signified their
intention of using the union label on
their goods, and it is likely others will
follow. Most of the girls are employed
by the piece, and wages earned are as
low as \$2.25 a week. Five dollars is
exceptionally high wages for a week
of 40 hours. In some instances girls are
charged for the thread they use. Forty
cents a dozen is the price paid for
shirts by one firm, and \$1.90 a dozen
for boys' shirts. An expert will make
a dozen and a half shirts in a week,
or five dozen shirts.

A curious legal situation was brought
on in suit brought against the firm of
Patrick Markey, an engineer on the
Chicago and Alton railroad, for damages
for injuries caused by the explosion of
his locomotive. Under the Illinois
statute the damages assessable against
the Chicago and Alton are limited to
\$2,000, so his lawyers brought suit
against the Louisiana and Missouri Rail-
road company, of which the line was
leased by the Chicago and Alton, and
got a verdict for \$25,000.

Nearly 350,000 are employed in the
iron and steel industry of Germany.
The C. P. R. machinists, at a recent
meeting held in Winnipeg, voted a day's
pay each month from every man on the
Western and Pacific divisions of the big
road, to the striking machinists on the
Canadian Northern railway. For the
month of June each machinist in the
local shops sent \$3 to headquarters, and
a rough estimate of the full amount
from both the Western and Pacific divi-
sions is between \$1,500 and \$1,800.

The Toronto plumbers in going back
to work for some time, an hour, an in-
crease of 24c. on January 1, 1903, and
an advance of 25c. The hours will
be eight a day, time and a half for
overtime.

Many women in the factories of Eng-
land work 17 hours a day.
A year ago 100,000 machinists in
Canada and the United States voted
strike for a nine-hour work day, increase
in wages, apprentice regulations, and
improved shop conditions. About 80
per cent. of the above number secured
the shorter work-day, in addition 30,
000 other metal working tradesmen have
had their working hours reduced, and
their wages increased, because of the
machinists' nine-hour movement.

The hackmen's union of 'Frisco stop-
ped a funeral because there was a non-
union driver in the procession.
Many of the good people who are
wont to encourage Oriental labor in
this country, have been denied the
delightful privilege of Asiatic competition
in their respective lines of business.

The Nanaimo Miners union has tabled
a letter from Ralph Smith, M. P., in
which he urged that they act as their
delegate to the coming Canadian Trades
and Labor Congress in Berlin, Ont.

J. H. Hawthorthwaite, Nanaimo's
labor M. P., is working as a day
laborer on the streets, while Ralph
Smith, the former labor member, is
touring in Europe. It is evidently more
profitable to be a Liberal M. P. than
a Labor M. P. P.—The Canadian Social-
ist.

The Bricklayers and Masons union of
Winnipeg have purchased a lot and will
build a labor temple.

In Canada and the United States one
hundred and ninety-four manufacturers
are using the Garment Workers' union
label. The number of labels used is
nearly 2,000,000 per month. Sixteen
thousand persons are employed.

Strike and the world strikes with you,
Scab and you scab alone.—Ex.

LIVING ENTOMBMENTS.

A Scottish Parallel to the Joshua
Sanford Case.

From Hamilton Times.
The entombing and rescue of Joshua
Sanford in that well known Paris case
is a thing of the past. The case is now
down in local history as time-marking
events. The circumstances of his en-
tombment and the real heroism shown
by so many of his fellows in the efforts
of a rescue certainly deserve to go
down in local history. There have
been many remarkable escapes
from death, many such cases of en-
tombment are, and great was the relief
of the public when it was learned that
the much-exhausted man was safe on
the level.

There have been some very re-
markable cases of entombment and re-
scue. Dr. Gellie tells the story of
one which took place in the Carrick
country, a rough, hilly district on the
west coast of Scotland, where a little
lad of the great Scottish coal field has
been jammed into the steep sides of the
valley of the Giron, a victim to the
quiet kirkyard of Dailly are shown a
stone bearing the following inscription:

In Memory of
JOHN BROWN, COLLIER,
who was enclosed in
a portion of
it having fallen in
Oct. 8, 1825,
after being twenty-three days in
entombment, and was rescued
without a particle of food.
He lived three days after.
Having quietly expired on the
evening of
Nov. 3rd,
Aged 66 years.

Brown was entombed by a "crush,"
he having gone to get his jacket.
"The jacket is a new one," said his
comrades were leaving as fast as his
legs would carry them; "and as for the
rest, it has been in a crush before now,
and has been through it all through
now." But ere he got back

the entire roof caved in, and for some
days he was given up for dead. The
crush took place on Wednesday, and
on Sunday the minister of the wee kirk
made a powerful appeal to the people
summing up in his homely way the
not to give up hope, and the work of
rescue was begun. On the 23rd
day after the accident the workmen got
through the ruins and in to the open
workings beyond, and some of their
wits were nearly frightened out of their
wits by hearing a groan. One more venture
some of his fellows advanced and
said: "If that's your ain groan, John
Brown, in the name of God gie anither."
And in a few minutes they were bear-
ing their old comrade to the light, con-
vinced that it was indeed himself, and
not some trick of the evil one of whom
they stood much in dread. Brown's
first words were, "Gie me a drink";
and then, "Eh, boys, ye hae been lang
of coming." He had not had a bite to
eat, and for seven days had not a drop
to drink, although he could hear water
running near him. His hair and beard
were matted with the coal fungus which
gathers in the pits, and his flesh had
the appearance of a mummy's. He had
washed by a bucket of water, and was
very weak, but he had never given up
the hope of rescue, and he was hopeful
of recovery, saying: "Eh, boys, when
I win through this I've a queer story to
tell you. But he was not to "win
through." The exhaustion had been too
much, and he expired three days after
being taken out of the mine. The in-
quest showed that almost every
particle of fatty matter in the body had
been consumed, but it did not suc-
ceed in convincing the simple and
superstitious people of the district that
there was nothing uncanny about
Brown, the doctor who held the post-
mortem being asked by scores "if he
had seen his feet," they being convinced
that Brown must have had a "coven
hoof!"

It is not easy for any of us to fancy
ourselves in the position of Sanford,
fast at the bottom of the well, with the
chances of being hurled by a second
cave-in at any moment. How long the
minutes must have seemed! But per-
haps the strain was almost as great on
many of the army of noble fellows who
grove to rescue the victim, or who, un-
able to do anything, stood by and pray-
ed for the success of the efforts of others.
Joshua Sanford shared with King Edward the hopes
and prayers of the people of this locality
and of a good part of the Dominion.
Honor to the rescuers! They deserve
the medal of the Humane Society.

TO TEST THE DESTROYERS.

British Admiralty Seeks Explanation of
Cobra's Destruction.

In order to test the strength of the
torpedo-boat destroyers, the Admiralty
has ordered a remarkable experiment to
be made at the Portsmouth dock-
yard. One of the drydocks is being
especially prepared for the destroyer
Wolf, which she will be subjected to a
series of tests, which will include bog-
ging and sagging strains.
At first she will be sagged by being
hung by the head and stern from two
platforms, having no support beneath.
The middle will then be hogged—that
is, she will be balanced across a pile of
timber so that the full strain of the un-
supported fore and aft parts will be
thrown on the centre of the vessel.
The experiments will prove whether
a destroyer's hull is so weak, as was
suggested in the case of the Cobra, that
the back breaks when a wave lifts her
amidships or a sea lifts her in such a
manner that the wave is hollow beneath
her middle.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's
Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of
J. H. Wood

See Pac-Circle Wrapper Below.
FOR HEADACHE,
FOR DIZZINESS,
FOR NERVOUSNESS,
FOR TENDER LIVER,
FOR CONSTIPATION,
FOR BILIOUSNESS,
FOR SICKENESS,
FOR THE COMPLETION
OF THE SYSTEM.

TO LEASE

Grand Central Hotel.
We the undersigned will receive tenders
up to July 20th, 1902, to lease the well
known and centrally located GRAND
CENTRAL HOTEL in Ashcroft. Tenders
must state the rate per month they
are willing to pay for one or two years.
This hotel is furnished and the present tenants
leave it in excellent condition. For fur-
ther particulars apply to W. B. BAILEY,
or H. H. ROBERTS, Executors Estate, G.
E. JOHNSON.

On and After Monday,
June 2nd., all Repair Work

Such as Sewing Machines, Cash Registers,
Wigs, Mowers, and expert Locksmithing,
will be carefully attended to.

NEAT PARASOL REPAIRING A
SPECIALTY.

PHONE A446. 58 FORT STREET

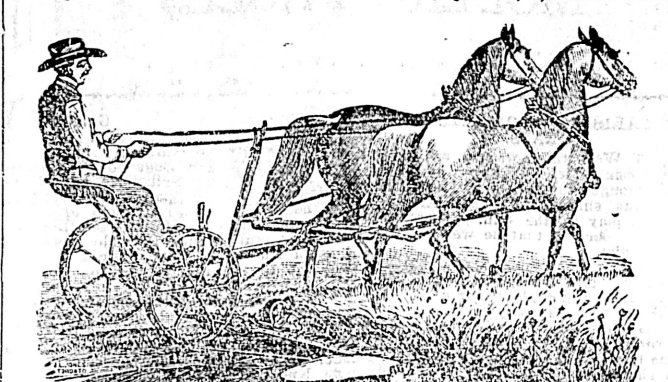
WAITES BROS.

Mortgagee Sale

I will sell at Public Auction, Tuesday,
the 22nd day of July, 1902, at 11 o'clock
in the forenoon, under and by virtue of
a chattel mortgage at 37 Store street,
Victoria, an assortment of goods, con-
sisting of dry goods, hats, caps, clothing,
eight sewing machines and other articles.
Sold in lots to suit. Terms cash.
HINKSON SIDDALL.
For the Mortgagee.

MOWERS. RAKES. TEDDERS.

The Massey-Harris Co's No. 7 Mower is the latest improved,
strongest and best Mower in the Field today—47, 5, 5 1/2 feet cuts.



Sharp's and Tiger Rakes with Wood or Steel Whe.
Also All Steel Rakes.
Call and examine or send for new catalogue.
E. G. PRIOR & COMPANY, LTD.
VICTORIA. VANCOUVER. KAMLOOPS.



If You Get the Right Article, the
Price Cuts No Figure, the Great
Majestic
Range
IS THE ARTICLE.
It is a thing of Beauty, Usefulness, and
Durability.
We can give you the names of hundreds
of Victoria housewives who use them with
ENTIRE SATISFACTION.
Geo. Powell & Co.
CHEAPSIDE
127 Government Street. Victoria, B.C.

The E. B. Eddy Co.

HULL, CANADA
Manufacturers of all kinds of
Papers, Tubs, Pails, Washboards,
Candy Pails, Jam Pails, Matches.

JAMES MITCHELL, AGENT

THE HINTON ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

62 Government Street,
ELECTRIC APPARATUS & IRON SUPPLIES
Selling Agents—
CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.
CANADA FOUNDRY COMPANY, LIMITED.

A Delicious
Summer Drink
That is good for the children as well as
adults, is our
Sparkling Soda Water
which is flavored with pure fruit juices.
Our Ice Cream Soda, with fresh Straw-
berry, Orange, Pineapple, and other
luxury, and is as nourishing as it is re-
freshing. The Soda Water fountain is a
"Fountain of Pleasure" to all who call at
LILLEY'S ICE CREAM PARLOR
105 Douglas St.

Canadian Bank of Commerce

WITH WHICH IS AMALGAMATED
THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
HEAD OFFICE—TORONTO

Paid-up Capital \$1,000,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits \$2,500,000
Aggregate Resources, over \$3,500,000
HON. GEO. A. COX, President.
B. E. WALKER, General Manager.

LONDON OFFICE—60 LOMBARD STREET, E. C.

The bank has 68 branches extending throughout Canada and elsewhere, in-
cluding the following in British Columbia and the Yukon District:
ATLANTIC, GREENWOOD, NELSON,
CRANBROOK, KAMLOOPS, VICTORIA,
DAWSON, NANAIMO, WHITE HORSE,
PEMBROKE.

BRANCHES IN THE UNITED STATES
NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, SEATTLE, PORTLAND, SKAGWAY.
Savings Bank Department—Gold dust purchased and every description of bank-
ing business transacted.
GEO. GILLIESPIE, Manager.

Waltham, Elgin, and Other First-Class Solid Silver
and Gold Watches at Reduced Prices,
From \$7.50 to \$250.

Nickel Stemwind and Stemmest American Watches from \$2.50
Movements are warranted 5 years.
Solid Gold Watches, Waltham or Elgin, from \$15 upwards.
Gold-filled, 25-year guaranteed cases, 15 jewels movement \$20.00
8-day Striking Clocks, from \$4.00
Souvenir Goods in endless variety.
Diamond and other Gem Rings will be found at our Store as good in quality and
as reasonable in price as can be found in any store in Canada.

Stoddart's Jewelry Store,
63 YATES STREET.

WIGS SWITCHES, CURLS, ETC.

Combed made up in
any style. Theatrical
and masquerade wigs
to let. Country orders
promptly attended to.
Hair dressing, sham-
pooing, face massage.
A large stock of hair
and ornaments, also
fringe nets, always on
hand.

C. KOSCHE
55 Douglas St., near
Fort.

Fancy Silk Goods

Lacquered and Porcelain Wares. Great
reduction in prices. New goods just
come in.
YOKOHAMA BAZAAR, 322 Government
Street, near Victoria Hotel.

NOTICE.

Take notice that at the expiration of
thirty days from this date I intend to
apply to the Honorable the Chief Com-
missioner of Lands and Works for per-
mission to lease the foreshore and rights
thereof for fishing purposes in Sooke Dis-
trict, commencing at a post planted on the
quarter mile northwest of Secretary Island,
thence following the shore line northwest
forty chains—including the foreshore and
lands covered by water.
Dated this 11th day of July, A.D. 1902.
E. E. EVANS.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that thirty days
after date I intend to apply to the Hon-
orable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and
Works for a lease of the foreshore of Sher-
ingham District, commencing at a post
marked "E.C.", and extending
half a mile east of said post.
Dated July 10th, 1902.
E. CLARK.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that 30 days after
date I intend to apply to the Honorable the
Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a
lease of the foreshore of Sooke District,
commencing at a post planted on the north-
east corner of Section 90, Sooke District, and
extending half a mile eastward to Chamberlain's Plains,
Boswell Bay.
Victoria, July 10th, 1902.
G. H. DUNCAN.

NOTICE.
Take notice that at the expiration of
thirty days from this date I intend to
apply to the Honorable the Chief Com-
missioner of Lands and Works for per-
mission to lease the foreshore and rights
thereof, including the rights attached thereto,
in Cowichan District, commencing at a post
planted on the northeast corner of Section
12, Sooke District, and extending half a
mile eastward to the shore line, thence
following the shore line northwest forty
chains, and extending seaward and includ-
ing the foreshore and lands covered by
water.
Dated this 11th day of July, A.D. 1902.
W. M. MCCLURE.

NOTICE.
Take notice that at the expiration of
thirty days from this date I intend to
apply to the Honorable the Chief Com-
missioner of Lands and Works for per-
mission to lease the foreshore and rights
thereof, including the rights attached thereto,
in Cowichan District, commencing at a post
planted on the northeast corner of Section
12, Sooke District, and extending half a
mile eastward to the shore line, thence
following the shore line northwest forty
chains, and extending seaward and includ-
ing the foreshore and lands covered by
water.
Dated this 11th day of July, 1902.
N. H. RAIN.

NOTICE.
Take notice that at the expiration of
thirty days from this date I intend to
apply to the Honorable the Chief Com-
missioner of Lands and Works for per-
mission to lease the foreshore and rights
thereof, including the rights attached thereto,
in Cowichan District, commencing at a post
planted on the northeast corner of Section
12, Sooke District, and extending half a
mile eastward to the shore line, thence
following the shore line northwest forty
chains, and extending seaward and includ-
ing the foreshore and lands covered by
water.
Dated this 11th day of July, A.D. 1902.
GEORGE I. WILSON.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that I intend to
apply to the Board of Licensing Commis-
sioners at their next sitting as a licensing
agent for a transfer to John Geo.
Richards of my license for the sale of
wine and liquors by retail, upon
the premises situated at the southeast
corner of Yates and Langley streets, in the
City of Victoria, and known as the Bank
Exchange saloon.
Dated this 14th day of July, 1902.
H. C. WULF.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that thirty days
after date we intend to apply to the
Honorable the Chief Commissioner of
Lands and Works for permission to
lease the foreshore and rights there-
of, including the rights attached thereto,
in Cowichan District, commencing at a
post planted on the northeast corner of
Section 90, Sooke District, and extending
half a mile eastward to the shore line,
thence following the shore line northwest
forty chains, and extending seaward and
including the foreshore and lands covered
by water.
Dated this 14th day of July, 1902.
BRITISH COLUMBIA CANNING CO.,
Limited,
Findlay, Durham & Brodie, Agents.
Victoria, B. C., July 10th, 1902.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that thirty days
after date we intend to apply to the
Honorable the Chief Commissioner of
Lands and Works, for a lease of that
portion of the foreshore (including ter-
ritorial rights) of the western end of
Smith Island, off Inner Tree Point, situ-
ated in Middle Passage, Cassiar Dis-
trict, commencing at a post placed on said
Inner Tree Point, and extending in a north-
westerly direction one mile, and in a
southerly direction one mile.
Dated this 14th day of July, 1902.
BRITISH COLUMBIA CANNING CO.,
Limited,
Findlay, Durham & Brodie, Agents.
Victoria, B. C., July 10th, 1902.

NOTICE.
Take notice that I, Leonard S. Higgins,
at the expiration of thirty days, intend to
apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands
and Works for permission to lease the
foreshore of Sooke District, commencing
at a post planted on the northeast corner
of Section 90, Sooke District, and extend-
ing half a mile eastward to the shore line,
thence following the shore line northwest
forty chains, and extending seaward and
including the foreshore and lands covered
by water.
Dated, South Pender Island, July 14th,
1902.
LEONARD S. HIGGINS.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that thirty days
after date I intend to apply to the Hon-
orable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and
Works for a lease of the foreshore of Beecher Bay,
commencing at a stake marked "G. S. S. E.
Corner," on the northeast corner of Sec-
tion 90, Sooke District, and running thence
in a westerly direction to the north-
west corner of Section 81, Sooke District,
a distance of half a mile more or less.
Dated this 14th day of July, 1902.
GEORGE SCHMITH.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that thirty days
after date, I intend to apply to the Chief
Commissioner of Lands and Works for a
lease of the foreshore of Sooke District,
commencing at a post planted on the
southeast corner of Section 90, Sooke Dis-
trict, and extending half a mile eastward
to the shore line, thence following the
shore line northwest forty chains, and
extending seaward and including the
foreshore and lands covered by water.
Dated this 14th day of July, 1902.
GEORGE SCHMITH.

NOTICE.
Take notice that at the expiration of
thirty days from this date I intend to
apply to the Honorable the Chief Com-
missioner of Lands and Works for per-
mission to lease the foreshore and rights
thereof, including the rights attached thereto,
in Cowichan District, commencing at a
post planted on the northeast corner of
Section 12, Sooke District, and extending
half a mile eastward to the shore line,
thence following the shore line northwest
forty chains, and extending seaward and
including the foreshore and lands covered
by water.
Dated this 11th day of July, A.D. 1902.
A. McPHERSON.

NOTICE.
Take notice that at the expiration of
thirty days from this date I intend to
apply to the Honorable the Chief Com-
missioner of Lands and Works for per-
mission to lease the foreshore and rights
thereof, including the rights attached thereto,
in Cowichan District, commencing at a
post planted on the northeast corner of
Section 12, Sooke District, and extending
half a mile eastward to the shore line,
thence following the shore line northwest
forty chains, and extending seaward and
including the foreshore and lands covered
by water.
Dated this 11th day of July, A.D. 1902.
D. ROWAN.

NOTICE.
Take notice that at the expiration of
thirty days from this date I intend to
apply to the Honorable the Chief Com-
missioner of Lands and Works for per-
mission to lease the foreshore and rights
thereof, including the rights attached thereto,
in Cowichan District, commencing at a
post planted on the northeast corner of
Section 12, Sooke District, and extending
half a mile eastward to the shore line,
thence following the shore line northwest
forty chains, and extending seaward and
including the foreshore and lands covered
by water.
Dated this 11th day of July, A.D. 1902.
ANDREW HOUTSON.

NOTICE.
Take notice that at the expiration of
thirty days from this date I intend to
apply to the Honorable the Chief Com-
missioner of Lands and Works for per-
mission to lease the foreshore and rights
thereof, including the rights attached thereto,
in Cowichan District, commencing at a
post planted on the northeast corner of
Section 12, Sooke District, and extending
half a mile eastward to the shore line,
thence following the shore line northwest
forty chains, and extending seaward and
including the foreshore and lands covered
by water.
Dated this 10th day of July, A.D. 1902.
D. McWILLIAMS.

NOTICE.

Take notice that at the expiration of
thirty days from this date I intend to
apply to the Honorable the Chief Com-
missioner of Lands and

11

NOTICE

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that this after date I intend to apply to the Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of a portion of the foreshore of Island, Edye Passage, Chatham beginning at a post on the southeast of said island, and marked "G. M." (meaning southwest corner), thence along the beach in a northeasterly direction for one-half mile.

This application to cover all the rights.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of a portion of the foreshore on Sore Island, Chatham Sound, Cassin's Strait, beginning at a post on the west point of said island, and marked "C. Co., N. W.," (meaning northwest) thence south-east one-quarter mile all beach, thence northeast one-quarter in all one-half mile.

INVERNESS CANNING CO.
GEO. M. McDONALD
July 30th, 1902; Man

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Commissioner of Bands and Works for a lease of a portion of the foreshore in Ham South, Cassiar District, beginning at a post on the beach immediately opposite Kitson Island and marked "J. S. N. W." (meaning northwest corner) following the shore to feet 1800 on

This application to cover all terms
lights.
J. STEPHEN McDON.
July 10th, 1902.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that thirty
after date I intend to apply to the
Commissioner of Lands and Works
for lease of a portion of the Cossar D
Island, Chatham Sound, between D
beginning at a post on the west side
"Land Slide," on the southwest

Notice is hereby given that thirty
after dze I intend to apply to the
Commissioner of Lands and Works
lease of that portion of the fore-
commencing at a post about one q
mile east of Cole creek, Renfrew D

days
Chief
for a
com-
Par-
"D.
cor-
shore

ing in a westerly direction one half
along the shore-line. This post is e
at the eastern boundary at high water
of Section 52, and this application
the entire foreshore of said section
July 10th, 1902.

C. F. TO

NOTICE.

—

Notice is hereby given that thirty
after date I intend to apply to the
orable the Chief Commissioner of
and Works for permission to lease th

namely: Commencing at a post placed at high water mark on the shore front section nine (9), Otter District, and westerly following the meander of the shore line to a post planted at water mark seven thousand seven hundred and forty-five feet (7745) feet distant place of commencement.

EDWARD GORDON
Otter Point, July 10th, 1902.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the

days
Chief
for a
com-
mille
district
inlin-
an
: the
IE.

ing foreshore and tidal land and
terial water rights for fishing pur-
namely: Commencing at a post plant
high water mark, on the shore of C
Island, Metchoin District, marked "J
N. W. corner," thence easterly fol-
lowing the meanderings of the shore line
to a post planted at high water mark on
shore of Cape Church.

Colwood, B. C., July 10, 1902.

JOSEPH DUB

NOTICE.

able Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of that portion of the foreshore of Saturna Island, Straits of Georgia, commencing at a post marked "British Columbia Canoeing Company, Ltd., W. corner of base of Brown Head, near water mark in spring tide in the south-east corner of said island, following the line in an easterly direction for a distance of about one mile from said post, British Columbia Canoeing Company, Ltd.,

By their Attorney in Fact
MATTHEW T. JOHNSTON
Victoria, 10th July, 1902.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the honorable the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for a lease of that portion of foreshore, commencing at a post on Edy Point, and marked "W. W. WALKER" and extending thence in a general northerly direction following the shore line to Cape Calver, one-half mile more or less.

W. W. WALKER.
Victoria, B. C., July 10th, 1902.

NOTICE.

after date I intend to apply to the
Commissioner of Lands and Works
for a lease of that portion of the fore-
of the southern end of De Horsey Is-
off Parry Point, situate in Casslar Dis-
commencing at a post marked C. H.'s
the post, placed on said Parry Point
extending easterly one-half mile and
erly one-half mile of said post.

CHARLES HACKE
Dated July 10th, 1902.

NOTICE.

for a Pres-
ndately
ark-
each,
orial
SE.

after date I intend to apply to the
Commissioner of Lands and Works
lease of that portion of the fore-
near the entrance of Becher Bay,
mening at a stake off Middle Peak,
ed "J. P." n.w. following the shore
southeasterly direction one-half mile
or less towards Church Hill.

JOHN PARK
Dated July 10th 1902.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that thirty

Notice is hereby given that thirty
after date I intend to apply to the
Commissioner of Lands and Works
lease of the foreshore of Tugwell
near Sheringham Point, commencing

D. E. CAMPBELL

Dated July 10th, 1902.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that thirty after day I intend to apply to the Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of that portion of the south of Smith Island, in the middle pass between Chatham Sound, Cassiar District, extending at a point about one and one miles west of Bay Island, and extending half a mile easterly and half a mile

Dated July 10th, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that 30 days date is intended to apply to the Commission of Lands and Works for the lease of foreshore (including territorial rights) in Bedwell Harbor, Pender Island, B. C., a point known as Wallace Point, to sand head or promontory lying East South on the opposite side of entrance to said harbor.

W. A. ANDERSON
Vancouver, B. C., July 10th, 1902.

7

SPOKE HELIG'S LAMENT.

Story of "Rustler" Days in Montana. John M. Oskison in N. Y. Post.

Spoke Helig was a cowboy. On Honey Creek lived he. Now, read the sad story That I'll relate to thee:

The boy was born in sixty-eight, Of parents good and kind, But the trouble with him always Was that he would not mind.

He was raised in Massachusetts, Where he often went to church, But in the wild Montana, He went to something worse!

Spoke Helig was a youngster When the rustlers broke out; But he had never done no wrong Although upon the scout.

The outlaws stole Spoke's cattle, And ran them all away, So Spoke he took his pistols To make them devils pay.

The fight was long and bloody, With the Sheriff hid in smoke; Spoke fired until the Sheriff The Sheriff he shot Spoke.

They took him to the jail-house To lock him safe inside, But Spoke took to a sick bed And there like to have died.

So, now you see me lonely, A widow young in years; Now Spoke's the sad story, You'll pardon me these tears!

It was my neighbor in the smoking compartment of a bound sleeper who handed me the poem, roughly printed on a single folded sheet. He was "Kid" Gabriel, he informed me, escaping from a season of dull respectability in the bosom of his family in New York, and "chasing the breezes" for his old stamping ground in Montana.

"I'm going back to where they build poems like that," the Kid volunteered, the eloquent twinkle of humorous appreciation in the glances of my story as I read "Spoke Helig's Lament." While he talked, after I had swung him round to the tale, the Kid's cigarette flared and faded in the half gloom of the smoker. The lights were down, and all good traveling folk were asleep; but with the prairies coming closer at every click of the car-wheel, time ceased for the Kid—his deft fingers rolled fresh cigarettes with incredible swiftness, and he smoked them out in an apparently careless way. His feet were comfortably high, and his hat was tilted down close above his eyes. I turned from the poem to another bound sleeper.

"This is a straight narrative poem?" "Straight as a string," replied the Kid. "The facts are there. Even if the poetry is a little bit hobbled and string-halt."

"A curious name—Spoke Helig," I commented; "how did he get it?"

"How did Spoke get his name?" he repeated, moving aside for the eternally vigilant porter to sweep out a dozen cigarettes with incredible swiftness, and the negro retired to an opposite corner and nodded. He answered:

"I reckon it was ten or twelve years ago that the great ranchman Spoke went back East there and cleaned up everything that he ran against. Well, Tommie Helig always said he raised Spokane and trained him; and when he come down into Montana, I don't reckon he'd really done anything, only he had an idea the officers were after him; and it was just at the beginning of the rustlers' troubles, when maybe it was best for a man to have some regular employment."

"One evening about sundown he rode up to where I was livin' by myself, holdin' some horses, and wanted some supper. After supper he told me he wanted to get across to the other side of the ridge, over on Honey Creek, and strike in just below Hat Creek. The only way he knew of gettin' over there was to follow the railroad, and he was afraid to do that on account of it bein' watched."

"He wanted me to tell him how to get over that fifty miles across the hills. But I couldn't tell him so he wouldn't get lost, and I got a sudden fool notion that I'd just take him over there myself. I was a good deal younger then."

"Before we started it come on to rain like the very devil. But that didn't last long after we started. And it was dark so dark you'd have to feel for the neck of a white horse to know you was on one. Of course, I knew the country as well as you know—as well as you know Park Row?" The Kid shot a quick glance of inquiry at me. I nodded.

"Well, while we were ridin' across the hills there, Spoke told me about the racehorse he'd raised and trained, and the trouble he'd got into over on the Little Missouri a while before on account of a girl, and a lot more that you know has happened to all of 'em."

"I'd got my direction just right and had stuck to it all night, so that when the sun was lookin' over the edge of one of them prairie ridges we dropped down to Honey Creek, right in a quarter of a mile of Hat Creek fork."

"I quit the boy then; told him I guessed he could make it from there on. Before he left he rode up close and whispered to me:

"'Kid,' he says, 'seem that they'll be followin' me up, don't you think I'd better travel under a consumed name?' I said, 'Boy, I think it would be a good idea to take a consumed name. I can reckon the 'consumed' name saved him, all right."

"The next time I heard of Spoke was just at the end of the rustlers' war, when many a good man was takin' his long rest, maybe two years after I took him across the hills."

"It seems that Spoke had located over on Honey Creek, and had got a sure good woman to the on to. She was makin' him a nice home and puttin' him on the road to making a good thing out of his ranch and cattle, when the trouble broke out all around him. There was so much stealin' here and shootin' there, with the rustlers that caused all the trouble in the first place gettin' more brands than a horse-hot fence, that the wonder was Spoke stayed out of it as long as he did."

"A bunch of men, hired at five dollars a day, out of the worst cut-throat gangs of Colorado, New Mexico and Texas, come down on Spoke one day, and after his wife had made him tear out and hide, he said 'em round up his whole herd and run 'em off."

"Spoke couldn't do anything then but just let his steers go and cuss. But it wasn't long before he got into the game and began to steal cattle and kill 'em, too. Now, it ain't so awful uncommon for a rancher to go to stealin', but mighty few of 'em get mean enough to go out and shoot steers, the way Spoke began to do."

"You could see the end of that without ever qualifyin' as a fortune teller. No wonder, then, that the rustlers got bad and lettin' it get on the prairie. It wasn't but a little while till Mose Gunter and his posse were searchin' the hills for Spoke, and they sure wanted 'em, too."

"They went and arrested Spoke's wife after trumppin' up some charge like her aidin' and abettin' him; they thought Spoke would try to get in and see her, but he only went after the heebers. Spoke, a couple of other young fellows with him, and the sheriff put out a second gang to try to run him down."

"It was along in the fall, after they'd been tryin' to locate him all summer, that Mose Gunter rode over the top of a little prairie ridge one mornin' and saw Spoke and his two partners standin' just below, in the midst of a dozen or more heebers they'd killed. This time they were busy skimpin'—needin' the money for the hides, I reckon—and they had their Winchester piled out a little to one side."

"Mose, wasn't a hundred feet away when the parties looked up and saw one another. The sheriff yelled to Spoke to

throw up his hands, and he had the 'drop' on him as fast as a man ever had. But Spoke just dropped behind a beef, pulled his six-shooter and began work. Of course, the sheriff's men got behind their horses, and sent back as good as Spoke handed out."

"The first shot that took effect struck Spoke's right wrist and broke it. His gun fell over in front of the beef, exposed full to the posse's fire. But Spoke just reached out and over with his left hand and picked it up. He opened it, again, shootin' that wrist, and he was put out of it for good."

"One of the boys that was with Spoke raised his head above the carcass of a steer—raised it just barely above the top—and he caught it, poor kid, right in the middle of the forehead. "Spoke saw the boy fall back dead, and yelled over to the other to break for his horse and make a run for it. But he yelled back that he'd stick it out and fight as he could. But a bullet hit him in the hand, he dropped his gun, and Mose led his men up to find out what they'd done."

"Spoke looked up at Mose as he came on, and said: 'Well, Mose, you got me fated this trip, Mose?'

"Yes, you, and now I'm goin' to kill you, to save trouble! But before he'd got his gun down to kill Spoke, one of his own deputies covered Mose and said: 'Yes, and if you kill Spoke, I'll send you hell along with him! Mose saw then that his temper was carryin' him away, and he threw down his gun, tellin' his posse to put Spoke on his horse to carry him up to Helena."

"They tied 'Spoke for killin' cattle, put him in the prison hospital, where his wife come up and took care of him till he got well, and when the rustlers' troubles passed away they turned him loose."

"Spoke was 'finally killed in a squabble over at Harlem, Montana, in '96. His widow went up the railroad a piece to one of those little towns and started in to run a railroad restaurant. She's doin' right well, I reckon—she sells them poems for 10 cents apiece and the publishers always buy 'em when they happen in there to eat."

"The Kid ceased speaking, and I looked out into the night. Then he rolled another cigarette, swept the ash with a half circle on the woodwork of the car, and as I passed my copy of the poem to the curious porter, joined a husky, caudal voice to the negro's halting pronunciation in the first lines of "Spoke Helig's Lament."

"Spoke Helig was a cowboy, On Honey Creek lived he; Now, read the sad story That I'll relate to thee."

countrymen in New England," an American writer states, "to say of a false man who betrayed his trust that he was an arrant George Downing."

Downing Street becomes a fashionable residential quarter. Lord Litchfield, who was Master of the Horse of the days of James II., had his town mansion here. On the flight of the King, Litchfield fled to follow that unhappy monarch into exile, and his property was forfeited to the crown. The house in Downing Street was given by George I. for life to Baron Hothorn, the Hanoverian Minister. On the death of George I., offered it to Sir Robert Walpole, his Prime Minister, and First Lord of the Treasury. Walpole refused the house as a personal gift, but accepted it as the official residence in the Treasury office with which the Premiership is generally associated. He moved into it on September 22, 1735, and since then No. 10 Downing Street has been occupied by several Prime Ministers, who were First Lord of the Treasury. Other houses in the street were gradually obtained by the State during the nineteenth century as residences for Ministers. No. 12, for instance, was the residence of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and as a residence for the various Departments. "No. 10 is to-day a plain, unassuming brick building—it, indeed, not dingy and ugly three stories high, with flat windows, and the hall door flanked on each side with the railings of a sunken area. But there is no house in London more ideal in the glamour of history than this."

The First Lord of the Treasury is entitled to live "rent free, with coal and candles," at the nation's expense. Many historic scenes have been enacted within these walls. The office of the Prime Minister is here. The House of Commons has been settled at Cabinet Councils. At its hall door has stood many a mean office-seeker, trembling with anticipation, and begging for an interview with the Prime Minister. Houses in Downing Street continued to be let in lodgings as late as the middle of the nineteenth century.

The Prime Minister had to pick his way to "No. 10" or to the Foreign Office through groups of dirty children making mud pies in the street. Downing Street at this time was only ten or twelve feet wide. The windows of the Foreign Office overlooked a room at the other side of the street, in which a number of young dressmakers worked. The young clerks of the Foreign Office were given to practical joking. One day they threw a bucket of water over the heads of the dressmakers to reflect the blinding rays of the sun on the faces of the dressmakers. So annoying did the antics of the clerks become that a complaint was addressed to Palmerston, who was Foreign Secretary, on the subject. The letter is still preserved in the Foreign Office, with Palmerston's comment written on the margin—"Who are the unnumbered youths who have been casting reflections on young ladies opposite?" The letter was answered by the wretched clerks, who were given the Foreign Office, the Home Office, and the India Office—erected between 1868 and 1873 from designs by Sir Gilbert Scott.

Usual thing.—(Ping)—How did you come out on the stock deal last week? Pong—Lost \$500. Ping—But I thought you said a friend had given you a pointer? Pong—So I thought—but it turned out to be a disappointment.—Chicago Daily News.

Sunspot Period Is At An End

And Cool Weather Is Expected For the Next Few Seasons.

Mr. Stupart of Meteorological Service Gives Col. Comfort to Tor. into.

From Toronto Star.

"Some people will say, 'Well, we have had a cool June; we will make up for it in July and August.' That is a wrong idea altogether, with nothing to justify its belief, as far as statistics go, just as much as the old adage, 'It rains just when you need it,' remarked Mr. Stupart, Director of the Astronomical Observatory, to the World yesterday. "On the contrary," he explained, "observations have done much to establish a marked persistency in the continuity of cold summer weather throughout a whole season."

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reason for this, there is nothing definitely known. We know exactly how it is that the weather is cold for a few days at a time; but that there is such persistence in cold summer weather is a difficult problem, and one that the scientists of the world have been endeavoring to solve for a long time. That there will not be a solution in the near future, I would not like to say. In fact, the scientific world is now interested in a theory recently advanced by a Swedish scientist, which may probably bring the solution within the range of possibility. The reason that the weather was cool during this month is because the cold winds have been coming from the west and northwest, and at this time the weather was warm, because the winds came from the south, fetching with them warmth from the tropical region. In the order of things, therefore, it is not unlikely that our coming summer will remain comparatively cool as they have always been in the past, when the temperature was low in June."

"Looking back over the century," continued the director, "probably the coldest summer in Canada was 1854. The two succeeding summers were 1855 and 1856, the next cold seasons were in 1857 and 1858; then, again, in 1857, an extremely cold June, and one below the average in 1859. Ten years afterwards, there was a season about 4-5 degrees below the average. Since then, we have had cold Junes in 1881 and 1880, but that in the latter was followed by a warm July. This is the first cold June since then. In June 1810, the temperature was the lowest of any on record. That is known among weather men as the 'summerless year.' There was no record kept in Canada then, but we have them from Philadelphia, showing that the temperature here was about 6 or 7 degrees below the average. Since then, the coldest summer was about 1854. The two succeeding summers were 1855 and 1856, the next cold seasons were in 1857 and 1858; then, again, in 1857, an extremely cold June, and one below the average in 1859. 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